## Book-3 EGO

## Friends,

## Book-3



First Edition


Book three contains somewhat different reading material. There are extracts from books (world best sellers), film clippings, (scripts), stories etc.


I want you to use this material in a different way. Please go through the written text first and try to comprehend (I would say grasp) it. You may narrate these pieces to the members of your family (in English of course!!!) and in your friend circle too.

Everybody, nowadays goes to see English movies once in a while. But the dialogue delivery of the characters, the accents and the pronunciations are far from apprehension. Here is a solution. Go through the excerpt of a script (a part only) in written form in this book and then watch that movie on your video. You will get acquainted gradually with the style and English dialogue delivery. Same is the case with songs. For you the songs lyrics are made available in written form. After reading the lyrics it will be easier for you to understand these songs. Songs are available in the GO CD.

There are some short stories to rekindle your soul and open your heart. You can remember them and use in your speech when needed.

Hope you will enjoy reading them.

## Fluency Tips Part - I

Researches show that there are factors that block fluency and promote luency. For proper and systematic training in fluency, one has to identify them. There are techniques based on such researches.

How to master the words, adjectives, phrases, clusters and combinations, is an art which can be learnt through dedicated efforts and regular practice. Use relevant words only. There are words we frequently come across and we think we are familiar with them. At the same time there are words that we don't come across so frequently but now and then only. We want to use them to impress others during conversation. We have to enter into arguments, debates, sometimes serious discussions, interviews negotiations at one point of time or other, These are the situations where our this ability is tested.
Presentations are also necessary activities for professional and academicians. Even other participants and students in audience have to understand them. That is why a good command on the vocabulary is required to participate in such presentations.

Again, there are words used in everyday situations, which communicate, traditionally accepted meaning.

## For examples :

- Enough is enough.
- Come what may.
- Forget it.
- Guess what !!!
- How do you do?
- Pleased to meet you.
- It was a pleasure (and so on).

My suggestion, try to list out such words you generally use most frequently and use them in your day to day conversations. Such sort of conscious effort and regular practice will help you in understanding the true spirit of these words. Later on synonyms and antonyms of such words will automatically come in your practice.

## ADJECTIVES

Use of adjectives is equally important for everyone trying to improve his spoken as well as written English. But use of proper adjectives is a problem Here are some examples where we generally commit a mistake in using adjectives. Remember, mostly we commit mistakes in the use of English language because we tend to think in our mother tongue first and then we try to translate it verbatim (i.e. word by word).

## Incorrect Adjective

Correct Adjective

1. amicable advice
2. heavy depression
3. heavy wind
hot hospitality
merry birthday
powerful tea
spoken contract
strong motor bike
4. strong cold
5. strong smoker
6. mild coffee
7. Light fever
friendly advice
deep depression
strong wind
warm hospitality
happy birthday
strong tea
oral contract
powerful motor bike
heavy cold
heavy smoker
Weak coffee
mild fever

The combination of adjectives with nouns has been accepted on the basis of long use and frequent practice. This list should be used by paying focused attention on 5 to 7 adjective combinations everyday and deliberate use of them in your routine conversation.


## Fluency Tips Part- II

## Friends,

As we have discussed in Fluency Tips Part - I, factors affecting flu-ency have to be dealt with care. Here are some more tips to help you improve your skill of communicating in English more fluently.

## COMBINATIONS

One very important point for the learners of fluency in spoken English is, difference in well composed piece of written text and a live conversation. The vocabulary items are obviously different in both the situations i.e. while writing and while interacting or talking in a free atmosphere. This must be borne in mind.
A researcher says a piece of writing is an object, you can see and touch. But speech isn't something you can see or touch, speech is simply a process, a series of actions mental and oral both. It is a happening, a transitory event.
You should have a large number of readily built groups of words to express your ideas in a spontaneous discussions or interaction or even in giving dictations.

Like

- As a matter of fact.
- Carry out an investigation
- Make a contribution to
- I have mixed feeling about this person.
- Take into consideration.
- Trace the development of this project.
- Do all that is humbly possible.
- Please concentrate your attention on this topic.
- A few years back
- One of strengths is his workaholic nature

Another important point is 'verb and noun' combination in speech. Generally, use of verb is more frequent in a live conversation. For example, in conversation "I think, the manager can handle the crises e. ${ }^{2+1}$ iciently". While in writing it would come out to be as the manager had the efficiency of


## In speech you say:

I like him, hardworking, polite always careful.
You don't say, I like him because he is hardworking. He is polite and careful also. (as we do in written form.)
Should we speak in sentences?

## NO

The chief reason is
Firstly, Spontaneous speech is delivered in a different atmosphere. So it can not be so planned and fabricated.

Secondly, You can't use long, complex sentences in oral speech.


## Friends,

Who does not like watching English movies? But sometimes we realize that it gets very hard for people like us, for whom English is a second language to follow the film in its entirety. The biggest problem that we encounter in such situations is understanding the accent.
In this exercise, we have picked few popular English films and given you the dialogues from an extract of the movie. We would encourage you to rent these videos and watch them. With the written script in your hand for the scene, it will become way more easy for you to get a better understanding of the accent. After tallying one such extract, you will start noticing the pronunciations of words and vowels in different types of English accents and making it possible for you to view the movie with as much ease as you watch other common language movies.
 handling the crises. At the same

## WORD CLUSTERS

Individual words cannot help you speak and write good English. They are not independent units. Every word can convey the desired meaning in company or group of other suitable words only. Without the support of other proper words, no single word can help you in communication of your ideas. So one more important tip for the learner is practice words in clusters.
Furthermore, in order to achieve the target of fluency in spoken English you have to start building your vocabulary. As we have already discussed in conversation, verbs play an important role. Verb is the soul and spirit of a clause or a sentence. A verb stands for the idea. A good command on word groups formed by verbs is a successful way of fluent conversations.

## PHRASES

All the native English speakers have one thing in common. They all use word groups or clusters of words in speaking. Apart from collocations (i.e. word groups containing proper adjectives) idioms and combinations (of noun and verbs), phrases are used by all persons to communicate in English fluently.
A sequence of words expressing an idea with clear meaning is called a phrase.

## For example

- at lunch
- by ca
- on TV etc

If you have a good command over the word groups, you may not be required to compose new sentences every time you speak. They will automatically flow from your mouth as readily assembled or composed.


Simultaneously use of idiomatic English is also an effective way to use English fluently. Idiomatic English means English that contains natural expressions used by native speakers of English.
Idiom is a group of words with a particular and specific meaning. Below are a few examples of commonly used idioms-

- Absent without leave
- Acquire a taste
- Almost every person
- The answer is no.
- Any body else
- An area of expertise
- An area for improvement
- An area of interest
- Left to bleed to death.
- On the spur of the moment
- A well balanced diet etc.



## Monsoon Wedding

Who does not like watching English Movies but sometimes it gets difficult for people like us io follow the movies to its entirety. The major Problem we face is the accent. For the few coming up exercises we have provided you excerpts from the scripts of popular English movies that you can read along and follow the story line.
in this step we were following two movies Bend it like Beckham and Monsoon Wedding. Monsoon Wedding is a film made by Indian Director Mira Nair with Indian and English Actors and is made in English. The story is set in the modern upper-middle class of India, where telecommunications and a western lifestyle mix with old traditions. There is excitement in the Delhi-based Verma family, as their daughter, Aditi, is about to get married. The four-day arrangements and celebrations will see clumsy organization, family parties and drama, dangers to the happy end of the wedding, lots of music and even a new romance for the wedding planner Dubey with the housemaid Alice. Take a look and try to understand the mix of English Punjabi accent.

## Scene 1

CL : Arrey Hello Sweety! What is it my child?
Sweety : What does this word mean?
CL : In God's Name...What on earth is this word?
Sweety
It's Uxorious..
CL : UxoriousThere is no such word, my child. It's a spelling mistake, there's a letter missing...There should be an $L$ here; it's luxurious...

Mr. Verma
Oh so you are facing this way as a Barman.
Rahul
I am facing, I am the barman, I am facing this way and this acts as a roof.
Mr.Verma
: Yes yes...No need to be so happy on being a Barman, you are not supposed to even touch one drop of this stuff. Understand...Barman should be absolutely sober. Keep this list. Make sure that the servants don't smell anything huh...and make sure of all these bottles and make small


mall drinks for everybody; not too large. Whiskey hasn't come...Uday was supposed to bring...here he comes; my unpunctual brother

## Goodmorning!

Morning Kuku, brought the whiskey?
What do u think!?
We got real scotch from Uday's clients!
Thank you sona, so nice of you.
Hi Laloo uncle!
Hello beta! Why aren't you staying over?
I have to study for my exams.
Thope my little Aleya didn't trouble you.
Arrey nahi nahi...She is such a little delight.
Anyone about? Let's take the whiskey in. Hey Australian idiot, you! Pick it up and take it in. Arrey kuku this is too much, this is no time for family members to arrive.
Uday : Arrey bhaiya, it's only 4'o Clock. We are hardly late. You get tense for nothing. Just relax! Esha, this is CL uncle's and Shahi aunty's son Rahul. They live in Dubai.

## Rahul

Yeah yeah ...Muscat Muscat
You've a tattoo.
Yeah.
Talk fast, we're breaking off. Wait! I'll come down. One minute. Right...you can talk now. Yes, I'll be there. That's correct, take the advance. Ok Bye. Life's such a comedy. No signal up there but there's one here!

## Varun

Mrs. Verma
Varun
Mrs. Verma
Varun
Mrs. Verma
Mr. Verma

Varun
Mr. Verma

## Mamma

## Yes, Darling?

Can you do this for me. Make a mucchi and on my eyes.. Why, Son?
For my dance with Aisha tonight.
Accha ok!
Why can't you do something useful...Like some exercise or reading your school books for a change huh... Look at you, You big huge hulk! Can't spend your whole life singing and dancing. Why not!? What do you mean why not!? You want to be an entertainer when you grow up? You don't do any exercise, you don't even play cricket, you don't read a book, just sleeping all day and watching TV and now this new nonsense... Dancing!
Varun : Why! You also took mamma's duppatta and danced the other night.
Mr. Verma : You don't compare yourself with me. You are just a kid understand!
Varun : But right now you said, I am big now!
Mr. Verma : That's it...you are going to boarding school. Decided.
Varun Since when!
Mrs Verma : Son! Papa and I are only talking about it.
Mr. Verma : No No No...l have made up my mind...
Mrs. Verma : Shhhhh...Please let me talk to him. It's going to be good for you Varun. Beta listen, Aditi didi is going away, you'll be so lonely at home, so we thought you'd go to boarding school. You'll have so much fun.
Varun

Mr and Mrs.
Verma
Mrs. Verma : No Son. Nothing has been decided yet. That school is much better than this school. You'll go there, there'll be so many boys of your age. You'll really enjoy.
Varun
Mr. Verma No! I don't wanna go. I won't go. You do what you want! Son, we are doing this for your own good. It'll make you a bit tougher. I think it'll be good for you.
Varun : I hate you! I hate you both! You don't even understand one thing about me!
Mr. Verma : Don't you talk to me like that! Understand!
Varun
Mrs. Verma Fine! I just won't talk to you at all! Arrey Varun....


## Bend it Like Beckham

Next movie is Bend it like Beckham, directed by Indian NRI director Gurinder Chaddha. The movie is set in Hounslow, West London and Hamburg, and follows two 18 year olds with their hearts set on a future in professional football. Bend It Like Beckham explores the world Her from kick-abouts in the park to freekicks in the Final. Her parents are clearly uncomfortable with their daughter running around in shorts, chasing a big ball, instead of being clad in a traditional salwar khameez, and learning to cook Indian recipes. Take a look at this fun filled comedy and aspirations of a young Indian girl.

## Scene 1

Jessie playing football with his friends, just then her mother comes and watches her playing football with men. She is ashamed and surprised of how can she play football with men.

## Mother

Father:

## Jessie

Mother

Jessie

- See how she lies? I don't want you running around half naked in front of men, huh? Look how dark you've become, playing in the sun!

Jessie
Chee...chee...chee...He was touching you all over! Putting his hands on your bare legs! You're not a young girl any more! And you, showing the world your scar! Hai Rabb.
Jassy Puttar, now that your sister's got engaged, It's different. You know how people talk.
She's the one getting married, not me!
I was married at your age! You don't even want to learn how to cook daal!
And we are not playing with boys anymore.
: Good Gal khatam. End of matter.
I'm joining a girl's team; they want me to play in proper matches. The coach said I could go far.
Go far? Go far where? Jessie, We let you play all you wanted when you were young, huh? You've played enough.
: That's not fair! He selected me!
: He? She said it was girls!
: The coach, Joe.
=

Mother : What family will want a daughter-in-law who can run around kicking football all day but can't make round chapattis? Now exams are over, I want you to learn full Punjabi dinner, meat
and vegetarian!

Jessie But, Dad!
Dad di chacchi. No! This is where you spoil her! No! This is how it started with your niece, the way that girl would answer back and then running off to become a model wearing small-small skirts.

Jessie
Mother
Mom, She's a fashion designer!
She's divorced! That's what she is. Cast off after three years of being married to a white boy with blue hair! Her poor mother, she hasn't been able to set put in that temple since. I don't want the shame on my family. That's it no more football!

Father : Jassie, your mother is right. It's not nice. You must start behaving like a proper woman. OK?

## Scene 2

Jessie's sister is getting married. Joe is peeping inside the house, just when Jessie's father catches him. He tells him about tomorrow's final of the football match.

Father
Yes?
Joe : I'm sorry to bother you like this. and I won't keep you long from the celebrations, but I wanted you to know that there is a scout coming to our final match tomorrow.

Father
Joe

Father
Jess
Father
Jess
Joe
Jess : Got my results. I'm starting university soon. I won't have

Joe So?

So, it's the opportunity of a lifetime for Jess. Please, Mr Bhamra, don't let her talent go to waste
: Thank you.
What did he say, Dad?
Don't you play with your future, puttar
Wait! Sorry about the final.
: No, I'm sorry, Jess. time to train and stuff.

Now that's a shame. I could have seen you play for


England some day. Jules still has a shot.
She told me about the scout coming. Sorry l'm letting her down.
That scout's coming for you, too. He's interested in both of you.
Me?! Why are you doing this to me, Joe? Every time I talk myself out of it, you come around and make it sound so easy.
I guess I don't want to give up on you. So, are you promised to one of those blokes in there?
Don't be silly! I've not promised to anyone.
You're lucky...to have a family that cares that much about you. I can understand you don't want to mess with it. Joe...
And I don't fancy being busted by your dad again. Better get back. I hope all goes well for you tomorrow, good luck with your studies. Come and see us some time.

## STEP $5^{\circ}$

## Titanic

Titanic remains as one of the most successful film ever made in the history of cinema. And to have missed such a brilliant effort is like being devoid of a pleasure made especially for us, the audience. Please get a video of the movie Titanic, so we can complete the exercise in a similar fashion as we did the last one. The scene described below is from the very beginning of the film when the actress is called to Titanic's site to recall what she witnessed that night while aboard on the ship.

## SCRIPT

SCENE 1
Rose
Lizzy
Rose
Lovett

Rose

Lizzy : April 14, 1912.

Bodine

Lovett

Lovett : Nathan Hockley, right. Pittsburgh steel tycoon. For a diamond necklace his son Caledon Hockley bought in from France for his fiancee. You, a week before he sailed on Titanic. And the claim was filed right after the sinking. So the diamond had to have gone down with the ship. See the date?

Lovett : If your grandma is who she says she is, she was wearing the diamond the day Titanic sank. And that makes you my new best friend. I will happily compensate you for anything you can tell us that will lead to its recovery.
Rose : I don't want your money, Mr. Lovett. I know how hard it is for people who care greatly for money to give some away. You don't want anything? You don't want anything?
Rose : You may give me this, if anything I tell you is of value.
It was a dreadful, heavy thing. I only wore it this once. You actually believe this is you, grandma?
It is me, dear. Wasn't I a hot number?
I tracked it down through insurance records. An old claim that was settled under terms of absolute secrecy. Do you know who the claimant was,Rose?

Deal.
Over here are a few things we've recovered from your staterooms.



This was mine. How extraordinary! It looks the same as the last time I saw it.
The reflection has changed a bit. My mother's brooch. She wanted to go back for it. Caused quite a fuss.

Lovett Are you ready to go back to Titanic?
Bodine Live from 12,000 feet.
Rose stares raptly at the screens. She is enthraled by one in particular, an image of the bow railing. It obviously means something to her. Brock is studying her reactions carefully.

## Bodine

The bow's struck in the bottom like an axe, from the impact. Here... I can run a simulation we worked up on this monitor over here. (Lizzy turns the chair so Rose can see the screen of Bodine's computer. As he is calling up the file,

he keeps talking.)

- We've put together the world's largest database on the Titanic. Okay, here...
Rose might not want to see this, Lewis.
: No, no. It's fine. I'm curious.
: She hits the berg on the starboard side and it sort of bumps along... punching holes like a morse code... dit dit dit, down the side. Now she's flooding in the forward compartments... and the water spills over the tops of the bulkheads, going aft. As her bow is going down, her stern is coming up... slow at first... and then faster and faster until it's lifting all that weight, maybe 20 or 30 thousand tons... out of the water and the hull can't deal... so SKRTTT!!
it splits! Right down to the keel, which acts like a big hinge. Now the bow swings down and the stern falls back level... but the weight of the bow pulls the stern up vertical, and then the bow section detaches, heading for the bottom. The stern bobs like a cork, floods and goes under about 2:20 a.m. Two hours and forty minutes after the collision.
Bodine - The bow pulls out of its dize and planes away, almost a half a mile, before it hits the bottom going maybe 12 miles an hour. KABOOM!
The stern implodes as it sinks, from the pressure, and rips apart from the force of the current as it falls, landing like a big pile of junk.


## Cool huh?

Rose course the experience of it was somewhat less clinical.

The second scene is the opening scene between actor Leonardo Di Caprio and Kate Winslet, where the actress is trying to jump off the ship and the actor is there to rescue her.

## SCENE 2

ose

Don't do it.
Stay back! Don't come any closer!
: Take my hand. I'll pull you back in.
: No! Stay where you are. I mean it. I'll let go.
. No you won't
: What do you mean no I won't? Don't presume to tell me what I will and will not do. You don't know me.
: You would have done it already. Now come on, take my hand.
: You're distracting me. Go away.
: I can't. I'm involved now. If you let go I have to jump in after you.
: Don't be absurd. You'll be killed.
: I'm a good swimmer.
The fall alone would kill you.
It would hurt. I'm not saying it wouldn't. To be honest I'm a lot more concerned about the water being so cold.
: How cold?
: Freezing. Maybe a couple degrees over.
Ever been to Wisconsin?
No.
Well they have some of the coldest winters around, and 1 grew up there, near Chippewa Falls. Once when I was a kid me and my father were ice-fishing out on Lake Wissota... ice-fishing's where you chop a hole in the--

I know what ice fishing is!
Sorry. Just... you look like kind of an indoor girl. Anyway, I

went through some thin ice and I'm tellin' ya, water that cold... like that right down there... it hits you like a thousand knives all over your body. You can't breathe, you can't think. least not about anything but the pain.
Which is why I'm not looking forward to jumping in after you. But like I said, I don't see a choice. I guess I'm kinda hoping you'll come back over the rail and get me off the hook here.

You're crazy.

I'm Jack Dawson.
Pleased to meet you, Mr. Dawson.
HELP! HELP!!

Alright.
That's what everybody says. But with all due respect, I'm not the one hanging off the back of a ship.
Come on. You don't want to do this. Give me your hand.

## The World is not Enough

We hope that you have enjoyed the scenes from the movie Titanic. Now James Bond is back with another thrilling adventure ide. After British oil tycoon, Sir Robert King, is killed in a bombing, his daughter, Elektra, inherits his fortune which includes six trillion dollars. Her new wealth attracts interest from around the world, including her father's killer. There's only one man who can take the heat between a beautiful heiress, a malicious sociopath and his final diabolical plan. The world's most famous secret agent-
 007 James Bond.

## Scene 1

Scot in a kilt plays the bagpipes - badly. He spins round, drops the pipe from his mouth, simultaneously fires bullets from one pipe and a jet of flame from another. The target is a realistic dummy - now a molten, bullet-ridden mess.

Bond
: I suppose, we all have to play the piper sometime? Right Q?
Q
Oh! Pipe down 007

Bond
Q

Q

R
Bond
R
Q
Bond
R

Bond
R
Is it something I said?
No! Something you destroyed. My Fishy belt, for my retirement away from you

Now I want to introduce you to the young fellow. I am grooming him to follow me.

Ah!
Hope you can open the door!
And you might be?
This is 007 !
If you are Q 'd, does that make him R ?
Ah Yes! The legendry 007 wit, at least the half of it. Now dare say 007 that you've met your match with this machine.
: Ah! New model, improved specs



Yes! I was saying about that, so..
As I was saying very latest in interceptions counter versions. Titanium armor, multi tasking heads up display and six beverage cup holder! All in all rather stocked!

Fully Loaded, I think is the term
I think.
You are not here to think, you are here to do what I tell you! Now go on and put on the coat and demonstrate it to 007.

But Ofcourse! Now watch closely please 007. The right arm goes in the right sleeve and the left arm in the left sleeve. Now notice closely please pockets, poppers and zippers. Take the lower part of the zipper and insert it in the...

## Scene 2



Oh! Pull the tag.

## Bond

Bond
Christmas
Bond

Christmas



## Shrek

Now let's have some fun with two very famous and hilarious animated movies Shrek and Ice Age II

Shrek is one of the biggest hits in the world of animated movies. The movie is about Shrek, a big ogre who lives alone in the woods of Duloc. When Lord Farquaad, the ruler of Duloc, exiles all the fairy-tale beings in the woods, Shrek looses his peaceful life and his home becomes a refugee camp. So, he sets to find Lord Farquaad and convince him to take the fairy-tale beings back where they belong, and leave him alone. Lord Farquaad accepts, under one condition. Shrek must first go and find the beautiful young princess Fiona, who will become Farquaad's bride. So, the big Ogre begins his quest, along with his newfound friend, the donkey. Take a look at Shrek's journey to find Fiona and the start to their romance. There is a line of fairy tale creatures. The head of the guard sits at a table paying people for bringing the fairy tale creatures to him. There are cages all around. Some of the people in line are Peter Pan, who is carrying Tinkerbell in a cage, Gipetto who's carrying Pinocchio, and a farmer who s carrying the three little pigs.

Guard
: All right. This one's full. Take it away! Move it along Come on! Get up!

Head Guard: Next!
Guard : (taking the witch's broom) Give me that! Your flying days are over. (breaks the broom in half)
Head Guard: That's 20 pieces of silver for the witch. Next!

Guard : Get up! Come on!
Head Guard: Twenty pieces.
Little bear : (crying) This cage is too small.
Donkey : Please, don't turn me in. I'll never be stubborn again. I can change. Please! Give me another chance!

Old woman : Oh, shut up. (jerks his rope)
Donkey
Oh!

"Two BIG Thumbs Up!"


## Head Guard : Next! What have you got?

Gipetto : This little wooden puppet.
Pinocchio : I'm not a puppet. I'm a real boy. (his nose grows)
Head Guard: Five shillings for the possessed toy. Take it away.
Pinocchio : Father, please! Don't let them do this! Help me! Gipetto takes the money and walks off. The old woman steps up to the table.
Head Guard : Next! What have you got?
Old woman : Well, l've got a talking donkéy.
Head Guard: Right. Well, that's good for ten shillings, if you can prove it.

Old woman : Oh, go ahead, little fella. Donkey just looks up at

Head Guard: Well?
Old woman : Oh, oh, he's just...he's just a little nervous. He's really quite a chatterbox. Talk, you boneheaded dolt...

Head Guard: That's it. I've heard enough. Guards!
Old woman : No, no, he talks! He does. (pretends to be Donkey) I can talk. I love to talk. I'm the talkingest damn thing you ever saw.
Head Guard: Get her out of my sight.
Old woman : No, no! I swear! Oh! He can talk!
Donkey : Hey! I can fly!
Peter Pan : He can fly!
3 Little pigss: He can fly!
Head Guard : He can talk!
Donkey : Ha, ha! That's right, fool! Now l'm a flying, talking donkey. You might have seen a housefly, maybe even a superfly
 but I bet you ain't never seen a dọnkey fly. Ha, ha! (the pixie dust begins to wear off) Uh-oh. (he begins to sink to the ground.) He hits the ground with a thud.

Head Guard: Seize him! (Donkey takes of running.) After him!
Guards : He's getting away! Get him! Thiṣ way! Turn! Donkey
keeps running and he eventually runs into Shrek. Literally. Shrek turns around to see who bumped into him. Donkey looks scared for a moment then he spots. the guards coming up the path. He quickly hides behind Shrek.
Head Guard : You there. Ogre!
Shrek : Aye?
Head Guard : By the order of Lord Farquaad I am authorized to place you both under arrest and transport you to a designated resettlement facility.

Shrek : Oh, really? You and what army? He looks behind the guard and the guard turns to look as well and we see that the other men have run off. The guard tucks tail and runs off. Shrek laughs and goes back about his business and begins walking back to his cottage.
Donkey : Can I say something to you? Listen, you was really, really, really somethin' back here. Incredible!
Shrek : Are you talkin' to...(he turns around and Donkey is gone) me? (he turns back around and Donkey is right in front of him.) Whoa!

Donkey
Yes. I was talkin' to you. Can I tell you that you that you was great back here? Those guards! They thought they was all of that. Then you showed up, and bam! They was trippin' over themselves like babes in the woods. That really made me feel good to see that.

Shrek : Oh, that's great. Really.
Donkey
Man, it's good to be free.
Shrek
Now, why don't you go celebrate your freedom with your own friends? Hmm?
Fiona : I tell him, I tell him not. I tell him, I tell him not. I tell him. (she quickly runs to the door and goes outside) Shrek! Shrek, there's something I want...(she looks and sees the rising sun, and as the sun crests the sky she turns back into a human.) Just as she looks back at the sun she sees Shrek stomping towards her.
Fiona : Shrek. Are you all right?
Shrek : Perfect! Never been better.
Fiona



Shrek : You don't have to tell me anything, Princess. I heard enough last night.

Fiona : You heard what I said?
Shrek : Every word.
Fiona : I thought you'd understand.
Shrek : Oh, I understand. Like you said, "Who could love a hideous, ugly beast?"

Fiona : But I thought that wouldn't matter to you.
Shrek : Yeah? Well, it does. (Fiona looks at him in shock. He looks past her and spots a group approaching.) Ah, right on time. Princess, l've brought you a little something. Farquaad has arrived with a group of his men. He looks very regal sitting up on his horse. You would never guess that he's only like 3 feet tall. Donkey wakes up with a yawn as the soldiers march by.
Donkey : What'd I miss? What'd I miss? (spots the soldiers) (muffled) Who said that? Couldn't have been the donkey.

Farquaad
Princess Fiona.
Shrek
As promised. Now hand it over.
Farquaad : Very well, ogre. (holds out a piece of paper) The deed to your swamp, cleared out, as agreed. Take it and go before I change my mind. (Shrek takes the paper) Forgive me, Princess, for startling you, but you startled me, for I have never seen such a radiant beauty before. I'm Lord Farquaad.


Fiona : Lord Farquaad? Oh, no, no. (Farquaad snaps his fingers) Forgive me, my lord, for I was just saying a short... Watches as Farquaad is lifted off his horse and set down in front of her. He comes to her waist.) farewell.

Farquaad : Oh, that is so sweet. You don't have to waste good manners on the ogre. It's not like it has feelings.

Fiona : No, you're right. It doesn't. Donkey watches this exchange with a curious look on his face.
Farquaad : Princess Fiona, beautiful, fair, flawless Fiona. I ask your hand in marriage. Will you be the perfect bride for the perfect groom?

Fiona : Lord Farquaad, I accept. Nothing would make -
Farquaad : (interrupting) Excellent! I'll start the plans, for tomorrow we wed!

Fiona : No! I mean, uh, why wait? Let's get married today before the sun sets.
Farquaad : Oh, anxious, are you? You're right. The sooner, the better. There's so much to do! There's the caterer, the cake, the band, the guest list. Captain, round up some guests! (a guard puts Fiona on the back of his horse)
Fiona
Fare-thee-well, ogre. Farquaad's whole party begins to head back to DuLoc. Donkey watches them go.



Now it's time to get back to the Ice age. Ice age II or Ice age meltdown is a sequel to the animated hit Ice Age part I. In this part Diego, Manny and Sid return in the Ice Age, but this time around the Ice Age is over and is starting to melt, which will destroy their valley. So they must unite and warn everyone about the situation. The catch is that they only have 3 days to survive. Take a look at this hilarious comedy and try to get hold of the accent.

## SCRIPT

Danny . : Hey hey, woah! Who said you kids could talk to the Sloth!
Diego : Danny, don't squash the creativity. Sid-Hey Danny Diego, My bad mammal gammels, wanna give a sloth a hand...oops...Look I opened my camp...Campo de sid...that means the camp of sid.

My qualifications have nothing to do with child care. Besides, these kids look upto me. I am a role model to them. ha ha ha ha ha
. I can see that!
you guys never think, I can do anything, but I am an eco member of this herd. I make this herd, so $u$ need to start treating me with some respect.

## Danny

Diego
Kids : Hey let's play pin the tail with the mammoth. .. yay!!!! Diego and Danny- SID!!!
Congratulations! You are now an idiot in two languages.
Shhhh...Not in front of the K-I-D-Z. These little guys love me. Right billy!
Don't make me eat you...ha ha ha
These kids. That's why they are called KIDS
I told you sid, you are not qualified to run a camp

C'mon sid!
Sid, we were just kidding

| Danny | ...And so in the end the little burrow reached his mommy and they lived happily ever after. | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Kids | : Yay!! | nown of 1 -up. |
| Diego | : Good job! | 隹 |
| Kid | : Question! Why did the burrow go home? Why didn't he stay with the rabbits? |  |
| Danny | Because...because he wanted to be with his family. |  |
| Bird | I think he should go to the girl burrow. That's a better love story. |  |
| Danny | : Ok. When you tell your burrow story, that's what we'll do. |  |
| Deer Kid | : Burrow's a demeaning name. Can't we call it a wild ass! |  |
| Danny | : Fine, the wild ass boy came home to his wild ass mother... |  |
| Kids | : ha ha ha ha! |  |
| Danny | : See that's why I called him a burrow! |  |
| Diego | : He...he..he |  |
| Diego | Growl! Huh...WATER!!! |  |
| Animal | : Crash I told you not to drink before bed! |  |
| Crash | : I didn't do this. At least didn't start all of it. |  |
| Lady elephant | : What's happening? |  |
| Danny | : We overslept. We need to move. |  |
| Crash | What if we are the last creatures alive. We have to repopulate the earth! |  |
| Animal | How? Everyone on the earth is a dude or a sister! |  |
| Sid | Oh hi! Hey danny! Wow what a night, you'd never guess what happened to me? |  |
| Diego | I am gonna take a guess here and say were sleep walking! |  |
| Sid | oh no no no! I was kidnapped by tribal mini sloths |  |
| Diego | that was gonna be my second guess. |  |
| Sid | and they worshipped me! I mean sure they tossed me to flaming tar pit, but they worshipped me! |  |



Danny Sid! You were dreaming! C'mon the water is rising faster than we are moving
: C'mon I am telling you... I was kidnapped...I was worshipped..and they...guys...ah fine!
can we slow down a little. I am dying here...it was just a figure of speech!
: they just sit there, watching us.
I wish I knew what they were thinking.
Food...glorious food! We are anxious to try it!
Wise guy. Let's go, Ellie




Just like films, we often listen to English songs. But it gets hard to follow them with the unmatched speed of their spoken English with ours and the accent. But ofcourse, that doesn' discourage us from enjoying the good music. With this practice esson in English Guru, we will help you appreciate the lyrics of the foreign language music. Play on the audio recording of these musical pieces and try to follow the songs reading from the notes provided. It's certainly a very creative way to learn the language. Now go on and enjoy the music -



## STEP $=7^{\circ}$

Slow and Melodious Sing Alongs
a. My heart will go on-Titanic
b. Quit playing games with my heart - Backstreet Boys

## My Heart Will Go On

This song is from the mega hit Titanic, sung by the legendary Celine Dion The song talks about one's unending everlasting love for the beloved. The song describes love as one which surpasses boundaries of eternity. Now, go ahead and try to grasp the lyrics carefully while listening to it.

6
8
8

## Lyrics

Every night in my dreams
I see you, I feel you,
That is how I know you go on
Far across the distance
And spaces between us
You have come to show you go on

Near, far, wherever you are
I believe that the heart does go on Once more you open the door And you're here in my heart
And my heart will go on and on

Love can touch us one time
And last for a lifetime
And never let go till were gone
Love was when I loved you
One true time I hold to
In my life well always go on
is




## Quit Playing Games With My Heart

Another romantic number, this song is sung by the american boy band Backstreet Boys. This song was a mega success, and hiked the band's album in the top charts of global music. Although, this song was first released back in 2001, it's poetic lyrics never stops appealing the masses. The language of the song contains a lot of American informal English, but it's mostly very easy to understand and follow. Now, go on and experience it for yourself.

## Lyrics

Even in my heart, I see You're not being true to me Deep within my soul, I feel Nothing's like it used to be

Sometimes / wish / could
Turn back time
Impossible as it may seem
But / wish / could
So bad, baby
Quit playing games with my heart

## Chorus

Quit playing games with my heart
Before you tear us apart (with my heart) Quit playing games with my heart I should've know from the start You know you've gotta stop (from my heart)

You're tearing us apart (my heart) Quit playing games with my heart

1 live my life, the way
To keep you coming back to me

So what is it that you can't see


## m

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Impossible as it may seem
But I wish I could
So bad, baby you'd better quit playing games with my heart

## Chorus

Quit playing games with my heart Before you tear us apart (with my heart) Quit playing games with my heart
I should've know from the start You know you've gotta stop (from my heart) You're tearing us apart (my heart) Quit playing games with my heart

## Quit playing games

Baby, baby
The love that we had was so strong Don't leave hangin' here forever Oh baby, baby this is not a lie Let's stop this tonight

Baby, ohh, quit playing games Sometimes I wish I could

Turn back time Impossible as it may seem But I wish I could
So bad baby
Quit playing games with my heart

## Chorus

Quit playing games with my heart Before you tear us apart (with my heart)

Quit playing games with my heart I should've know from the start You know you've gotta stop (from my heart) You're tearing us apart (my heart) Quit playing games with my heart Quit playing games

## STEP- 8*

Youth Spirit Sing Alongs
a. Summer of '69 - Bryan Adams
b. It's my life - Bon Jovi

## Summer Of '69

Performed by Bryan Adams, this song stands as an anthem to the youngsters today. The song swings in various moods such as friendship love, college fun, hanging out at the beach, the first job and the like. All in all, just as the song says describing 'the best days of your life'.

## Lyrics

I got my first real six-string Bought it at the five-and-dime Played it till my fingers bled
It was the summer of 69

Me and some guys from school Had a band and we tried real hard Jimmy quit and jody got married I shoulda known wed never get far

> Oh when I look back now

That summer seemed to last forever
And if I had the choice
Ya - Id always wanna be there
Those were the best days of my life

## Ain't no use in complaining

When you got a job to do
Spent my evenings down at the drive-in
And that's when I met you

Standing on your mamas porch You told me that you'd wait foreve Oh and when you held my hand


I knew that it was now or never Those were the best days of my life

## Back in the summer of 69

Man we were killing time
We were young and res̄tless
We needed to unwind I guess nothing can last forever - forever, no

And now the times are changing Look at everything that's come and gone Sometimes when I play that old six-string I think about you and wonder what went wrong

Standing on your mamas porch You told me it would last forever Oh the way you held my hand I knew that it was now or never
Those were the best days of my life

Back in the summer of 69

## Its My Life

'It's my Life' is performed by Bon Jovi. As the title aptly suggests, it's a high spinited song. The song talks of freedom, liberation and a defiance which sounds youthful and is encouraging to the common man. This song has a soft rock feel to it and will make for an excellent party number, all the more reason for you to learn it.

## Lyrics

This ain't a song for the broken-hearted No silent prayer for the faith-departed I ain't gonna be just a face in the crowd You're gonna hear my voice When I shout it out loud

## It's my life

## It's now or never

I ain't gonna live forever
I just want to live while I'm alive
(It's my life)

My heart is like an open highway

## Like Frankie said

I did it my way
I just wanna live while I'm alive
It's my life

This is for the ones who stood their ground For Tommy and Gina who never backed down Tomorrow's getting harder make no mistake
Luck ain't even lucky

Got to make your own breaks

> It's my life

And it's now or never
I ain't gonna live forever
I just want to live while l'm alive


## (It's my life)

My heart is like an open highway
Like Frankie said
I did it my way
I just want to live while l'm alive
'Cause it's my life

Better stand tall when they're calling you out Don't bend, don't break, baby, don't back down

It's my life
And it's now or never
'Cause I ain't gonna live forever I just want to live while I'm alive
(It's my life)

My heart is like an open highway

## Like Frankie said

I did it my way
I just want to live while I'm alive

## It's my life

And it's now or never
'Cause I ain't gonna live forever
I just want to live while I'm alive
(It's my life)

My heart is like an open highway
Like Frankie said
I did it my way
I just want to live while I'm alive
'Cause it's my life!

Oh - you can't tell me it's not worth trying' for I can't help it - there's nothing' I want more I would fight for you - l'd lie for you Walk the wire for you - ya l'd die for you Ya know it's true; Everything I do - I do it for you

Sung by the Glenn Medeiros, it's a song all lovers would want to dance on to. Slow and melodious, it's a beautiful song that the boy sings for his beloved. In the song he promises to her that nothing in this world can sway his love for her. The dreamy lyrics of the song is sure to take your heart away. Now, listen to the piece and learn along with it.

## Lyrics

If I had to live my life without you near me The days would all be empty The nights would seem so long
With you I see forever oh so clearly
I might have been in love before
But it never felt this strong
Our dreams are young
And we both know they'll take us Where we want to go

## Hold me now

Touch me now
I don't want to live without you

Nothing's gonna change my love for you You ought know by now how much I love you

One thing you can be sure of
l'll never ask for more than your love

Nothing's gonna change my love for you You ought know by now how much I love you The world may change my whole life through But nothing's gonna change my love for you

If the road ahead is not so easy,
Our love will lead the way for us

## Like a guiding star

I'll be there for you if you should need me
You don't have to change a thing
I love you just the way you are
So come with me and share the view
I'll help you see forever too



The first conversation is a telephonic dialogue between a brother and sister, Sabina and Parvez. Sabina is startled by Parvez's call very early in the morning. Read aloud and try to follow the rest of the conversation.

The language used in the dialogues below is mostly easy and informal everyday English. You can even try to include few of these lines in your conversations with friends or family members, it will help you learn them faster as well.

## Conversation 1

Sabina was awakened by the ring of the telephone. Without opening her eyes, she reached out for it and put the receiver to her ear.
'Hello?'
'Sabina? It's Parvez'
She sat up, her heart suddenly pounding. Parvez, are you all right?' She heard him laugh.
'Never better, sis. Thanks to you and your friend.'
My friend?'
'Mr. Jahangir.'
'Who?' Sabina tried to concentrate, groggy with sleep
'Mr Jahangir. He really saved my life.'
Sabina had no idea what he was talking about. Parvez . . .'
'You know the fellows I owed money to? Mr. Shahid he's a real gentleman.'
Sabina was nervous. Parvez, listen to me I want you to be careful.'
She heard him laugh again.
'Don't worry about me. Didn't I tell you every thing would be coming up roses? Well, I was right,

Take care of yourself, Parvez. Don't-
The connection was broken.
Sabina was unable to go back to sleep. Jahangir! How did he find out about Parvez, and why is he helping, him?

## Conversation 2

The second conversation is a scene of the parents with their daughter at their house. The little girl in this scene is trying to raise her voice against her dad who wants to slaughter the pet pig in the hous e for meat. Notice how the defiance of the little girl is more subtle and indirect rather than rude. We hope you enjoy the dialogue.

Fiza : Where's Papa going with that ax?
Mrs. Qadeer : Out to the hog house. Some pigs were born last night.
Fiza : I don't see why he needs an ax
Mrs. Qadeer : Well, one of the pigs is a runt. It's very small and weak, and it will never amount to anything. So your father has decided to do away with it.
Fiza : Do away with it? You mean kill it? Just because it's smaller than the others?

Mrs. Qadeer : Don't yell, Fiza! Your father is right. The pig would probably die anyway.

Fiza : Please don't kill it! It's unfair.
Mr. Qadeer : Fiza, you have to learn to control yourself.
Fiza : Control myself? This is a matter of life and death, and you talk about controlling myself.
Mr. Qadeer : Fiza, I know a lot more about raising a litter of pigs than you do. A weakling makes trouble. Now run along!
Fiza : But it's unfair. The pig couldn't help being born small, could it? If I had been born very small at birth, would you have killed me?

Mr. Qadeer : Certainly not. But this is different. A little girl is one thing. A little runty pig is another.
Fiza : I see no difference. This is the most terrible case of injustice I ever heard of.
Mr. Qadeer : All right. l'll let you start it on a bottle, like a baby. Then you'll see what trouble a pig can be.

English Guru - GO

The first conversation is between a father and a daughter. Whereby a daughter is stranded at a place far off from her home and is trying to reach her father. Please follow the rest of the conversation reading the below written aloud.

## Conversation 1

The clerk shrugged. 'Do you have another credit card?
'No. I don't. Will you take a personal check?'
He was eyeing her outfit disapprovingly. 'I guess so, if you have some ID.' I need to make a telephone call. ..'
'Telephone booth is in the corner.'
'Good Health Memorial Hospital. . .'
'Dr Steven Patterson.'
'One moment, please ...'
'Dr. Khan's office.'
'Sarah? This is Ayesha. I need to speak to my father.'
I'm sorry. Miss Khan. He's in the operating room and-'
Ayesha's grip tightened on the telephone. 'Do you know how long he'll be there?'
'It's hard to say. I know he has another surgery scheduled after--'
Ayesha found herself fighting hysteria. I need to talk to him. It's urgent. Can you get a word to him, please? As soon as he gets a chance, have him call me.' She looked at the telephone number in the booth and gave it to her father's receptionist. 'l'll wait here until he calls.'
'Ill be sure to tell him.'
She sat in the lobby for almost an hour, willing the telephone to ring. People passing by stared at her or ogled at her. When the phone finally rang, it startled her.
She hurried back into the phone booth. 'Hello ...'
'Ayesha?' It was her father's voice.
'Oh, Father, 1-'
'What's wrong?'
I'm in Karachi and-'

## 'What are you doing in Karachi?'

I can't go into it now. I need an airline ticket to Dubai. I don't have any money with me. Can you help me?'
'Of course. Hold on.' Three minutes later, her father came back on the line.
'There's an Pakistan Airlines plane leaving at ten-forty A.M., Flight 407. There will be a ticket waiting for you at the check-in counter. I'll pick you up at the airport in Dubai and -'
'No!' She could not let him see her like this. I'll - I'll go to my apartment to change.'
'All right. l'll come down and meet you for dinner. You can tell me all about it then.'
'Thank you, Father. Thank you.'

## Conversation 2

This conversation is between a middle aged widow who has a visitor. The dialogue is very interesting to follow as the widow in the afore mentioned is always sarcastic in her remarks and the visitor rather makes a mockery of it. Now, go on and enjoy the subtle homour as get a taste of more informal English.

## Conversation

MRS. SAJID : What is it you wish?
REHMAN : Your deceased husband, with whom I had the honor to be acquainted, left me few notes amounting to about twelve hundred rupees. In as much as I have to pay the interest tomorrow on a loan from the Agrarian Bank, I should like to request, madam, that you pay me the money today.
MRS. SAJID: Twelve-hundred and for what was my husband indebted to you?
REHMAN : He bought oats from me.
MRS. SAJID: Don't forget to give Sohan an extra measure of oats.
MRS. SAJID: If my husband is indebted to you, I shall, of course, pay you, but I am sorry, I haven't the money today. Tomorrow my manager will return from the city and I shall notify him to pay you what is due you, but until then I cannot satisfy your request. Furthermore, today is just seven months since the death of my husband, and I am not in the mood to discuss money matters.

REHMAN : And I am in the mood to fly up the chimney with my feet in the air if I can't lay hands on that interest tomorrow. They'll seize my estate!

MRS. SAJID: Day after tomorrow you will receive the money.
REHMAN : I don't need the money day after tomorrow; I need it today.
MRS. SAJID: I'm sorry I can't pay you today.
REHMAN : And I can't wait until day after tomorrow.
MRS. SAJID: But what can I do if I haven't it?
REHMAN : So you can't pay?


MRS. SAJID: I cannot.


REHMAN : Hmm! Is that your last word?

## MRS. SAJID: My last.

## REHMAN : Absolutely?

MRS. SAJID: Absolutely.
REHMAN : Thank you. And they expect me to stand for all that. The toll-gatherer just now met me in the road and asked why was always worrying. Why, in Heaven's name, shouldn't worry? I need money, I feel the knife at my thoat. Yesterday morning I left my house in the early dawn and called on al my debtors. If even one of them had paid his debt! I worked the skin off my fingers! The devil knows in what sort of Jew-inn I slept; in a room with a barrel of brandy! And now at last I come here, seventy versts from home, hope for a little money, and all you give me is moods! Why shouldn't I worry?
MRS. SAJID: I thought I made it plain to you that my manager will return from town, and then you will get your money

REHMAN : I did not come to see the manager; I came to see you What the devil--pardon the language--do I care for your manager?

MRS. SAJID: Really, sir, I am not used to such language or such manners. I shan't listen to you any further.
REHMAN : What can one say to that? Moods! Seven months since her husband died! Do I have to pay the interest or not? I repeat the question, have I to pay the interest or not? The husband is dead and all that; the manager is--the devil with him!--traveling somewhere. Now, tell me, what am I. to do? Shall I run away from my creditors in a balloon? Or knock my head against a stone wall? If I call on my manager he chooses to be "not at home," He has simply hidden himself, I have quarrelled with friend and came near throwing him out of the window, My brother is ill and this woman has-moods! Not one of them will pay up! And all because I've spoiled them, because I'm an old whiner, dish-rag! I'm too tender-hearted with them. But wait! I allow nobody to play tricks with me, the devil with 'em all! I'll stay here and not budge until she pays! Brr! How angry I am, how terribly angry I am! Every tendon is trembling with anger, and I can hardly breathe! I'm even growing ill! Servant!

English Guru - GO


The first conversation is a court room scene. The dialogues are between a plaintiff, lawyers and a judge. The sentences spoken here are shorter as in various parts of this script, the speakers are argumentative. Read the conversation aloud and try to grasp the summary of the running case.

## Conversation 1

'All rise. Court is now in session. The Honorable Tessa Williams presiding in the case of The People of the State of Multan? Versus Abu Hasan 'Judge Williams took her seat on the bench

Sami said, 'May lapproach the bench?'
'You may.
Murtaza walked to the bench with Sami.
'What is it, Mr Saif?'
I'd like to call a witness who's not on the discovery list.'
Murtaza said, 'It's awfully late in the trial to introduce new witnesses.'
'I would like to call Abu Hasan as my next witness.'
Judge Williams said, 'I don't-
Murtaza said quickly, 'The state has no objection, Your Honor.'
Judge Williams looked at the two attorneys. 'Very well. You may call your witness, Mr Saif.'
'Thank you. Your Honor. 'He walked over to Vishal and held out his hand. 'Hasan...'
he sat there in a panic
'You must.'
he rose, his heart palpitating, and slowly made his way to the witness stand.

Murtaza whispered, 'I was praying that he'd call him.'
And nodded. 'It's over.'
Abu Hasan was being sworn in by the court clerk, 'You do solemnly swear to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth, so help you God?'

'/ do.' His voice was a whisper. Hasan took his seat in the witness box. Sami walked over to his. He said gently, 'I know this is very difficult for you. You've been accused of horrible crimes that you did not commit. All I want is for the jury to know the truth. Do you have any memory of committing any of those crimes?' Hasan shook his head. 'No.'

Sami glanced at the jury, then went on. 'Did you know Hakimuddin ?' 'Yes. We worked together at Global Computer Graphics Corporation.'
'Did you have any reason to kill Hakimuddin?' 'No.' It was difficult for him to speak. 'I-I went to his apartment to give him some advice that he had asked me for, and that was the last time I saw him.' 'Did you know Abdul Haque?' 'No . . .'
'He was an artist. He was murdered in Islamabad. The police found evidence of your DNA and fingerprints there.'

Hasan was shaking her head from side to side. 'I I don't know what to say. I didn't know him!' 'You knew Deputy Umar?' 'Yes. He was helping me. I didn't kill him!' 'Are you aware that you have two other personalities, or alters, within you, Hasan?' 'Yes.' His voice was strained. 'When did you learn this?'
'Before the trial. Dr Salem told me about it. I couldn't believe it. I -/ still can't believe it. It's - it's too awful.' 'You had no previous knowledge of these alters.' 'No.
'You had never heard of Toni or Peter?' 'No!' 'Do you believe now that they exist within you?'
'Yes ... I have to believe it. They must have done all these - these horrible things . ..'
'So you have no recollection of ever having met Abdul Haque, you had no motive for killing Hakimuddin or for killing Deputy Abdul Azeem, who 'was at your apartment to protect you?'
'That's right.' His eyes swept over the crowded court-room, and he felt a sense of panic

One last question Sami said. 'Have you ever been in trouble with the law?'
'Never.'
Sami put a hand on his. 'That's all for now.' He turned to Saad Alam 'Your witness.

## Conversation 2

This last conversation taken as an excerpt is a small dialogue between a husband and a wife at the comfort of their home. The husband in the scene is. a little jeopardized by his work and wants to quit on it and comes up with rather irrational ways to live off. The sequence is humorous and very easy to follow. Read on and enjoy the scene.

AAMIR : Okay ... okay ... only one thing to do!
FAIZA : Aamir?
Aamir!, Is that you?!
AAMIR : Yes! It's me!
All right ... out with it! Right up front! That's all there is to it! Honesty is the best-

FAIZA : How was your first day?!
AAMIR : My ... my first day?!
FAIZA : Your first day! How was it?!
AAMIR : Ahh ... fine ... fine! It was fine! Just fine! Normal! Just a normal day!
FAIZA : Are you all right?!
AAMIR : What?l
FAIZA : I said, "Are you all right?!"
AAMIR : Oh! Yes! Fine!
FAIZA : Is something wrong?!
AAMIR : No! No! Everything's fine! Just fine! Normal! Why do you ask?!
FAIZA : You sound a little nervous!
AAMIR : Me?! No! No! I'm not nervous at all!
FAIZA : Surprise!
AAMIR : What ... what's that?
FAIZA : A present!
AAMIR : A present? For me?
FAIZA : That's right! A reward! For all of your hard work! Your dedication!



| AAMIR | : Oh ... well, I ... I'm not ... I'm not really in the mood for a <br> present right now. |
| :--- | :--- |
| FAIZA | $:$ Why not? |
| AAMIR | $:$ Well, I ... I don't deserve it. |
| FAIZA | $:$ What do you mean? |
| AAMIR | $:$ What do I mean? I mean, I haven't done anything special. |
| FAIZA | $:$ Oh poor baby! You're my little practitioner! |
| AAMIR | $:$ Yes, well ... |
| FAIZA | $:$ What? |

Oh, god! What is it, Ansh?! What have you done?! Did you get fired?! Booted out?!
AAMIR : No, no!
FAIZA : Oh, thank Heavens! You had me worried there for a minute!

AAMIR : It's just that I ... I've been thinking.
FAIZA : Thinking?
AAMIR : Yes.
FAIZA : Here!
AAMIR : Let's run away together!
FAIZA : What?
AAMIR : Let's run away!
FAIZA : Run away?
AAMiR : Yes! To an island somewhere! Someplace far off! With ... with lots of fish!
: Fish?
AAMIR : That's right!
FAIZA: Oh, I ... I don't think that's a good idea.
Fish are filthy little creatures, prowling about in the darkness and the mud, eating their neighbors without a second thought-that's no way for the children to grow up.

| FAIZA | $:$ Our children. |
| :--- | :--- |
| AAMIR | $:$ Our children? |
| FAIZA | $:$ That's right. |
| AAMIR | $:$ We ... we don't have any children. Do we? |
| FAIZA | $:$No, but it's only a matter of time! We'll have some sooner <br> or later! |
| AAMIR | Just think.They could run naked in the sand all day and ... <br> and collect seashells! And play with the dolphins! Dolphins <br> are very civilized! They don't eat each other! We could <br> learn their language! The language of the sea! We could <br> sleep under the moon with our dolphin friends and- |

FAIZA : I don't want to run away! I'm perfectly content!


Friends,
Famous french philosopher and writer Voltaire once said, "Poetry is the music of the soul, and above all, of great and feeling souls". Poetry brings out the art in writing. It is as beautiful a power of expression as painting, just more felt than seen. Poetry explicitly cannot be divided in fiction or non-fiction for poems are a combination of a poet's imagination, experiences and the skill of expression. Poetry stands as one of the oldest and most respected art forms in the world. Poems just as any other art, does not merely denote what the words convey literally. The key to understanding poetry is reading between the lines, and trying to interpret the hidden meanings and symbolisms within the poem. In this step, we will see three poems by world renowned poets. Read these poems aloud and try to follow the translations along with the poems, you will very soon start grasping the hidden symbolisms and the essence of this magnificent writing form.

Stopping By Woods On A Snowy Evening
By Robert Frost

Whose woods these are I think I know. His house is in the village, though; He will not see me stopping here To watch his woods fill up with snow.

My little horse must think it's queer To stop without a farmhouse near Between the woods and frozen lake The darkest evening of the year.

He gives his harness bells a shake
To ask if there's some mistake.
The only other sound's the sweep Of easy wind and downy flake.

The woods are lovely, dark, and deep, But I have promises to keep,

And miles to go before I sleep
And miles to go before I sleep



## Letter to the Headmaster

- By Abraham Lincoln
"He will have to learn, I know, that all men are not just, all men are not true. But teach him also that for every scoundrel there is a hero: that for every selfish politician, there is a dedicated leader.... Teach him that for every enemy there is a friend, it will take time, I know; but teach him if you can, that a dolla eamed is of far more value than five found...

Teach him to learn to lose and also to enjoy winning. Steer him away from envy, if you can. Teach him the secret of quiet laughter. Let him learn early that the bullies are the easiest to lick. Teach him, if you can, the wonder of books... but als give him quiet time to ponder over the eternal mystery of birds in the sky, bees in the sun and flowers on a green hillside.

In school, teach him it is far more honourable to fail than to cheat..

Teach him to have faith in his own ideas, even if everyone tells him they are wrong... Teach him to be gentle with gentle people and tough with the tough. Try to give my son the strength not to follow the crowd when everyone is getting onto the bandwagon, teach him to listen to all men, but teach him also to filter all he hears on a screen of truth and take only the good that comes through.

Teach him, if you can, how to laugh when he is sad... Teach him there is no shame in tears. Teach him to scoff at cynics and to beware of too much sweetness...

Teach him to sell his brawn and brain to the highest bidders; but never to put a price tag on his heart and soul. Teach him to close his ears to a howling mob... and to stand and fight if he thinks he is right.


Treat him gently; but do not cuddle him because only the test of fire makes fine steel. Let him have the courage to be impatient... let him have the patience to be brave. Teach him to always have sublime faith in himself because then he will always have sublime faith in mankind.

This is a big order, but see what you can do... he is such a fine little fellow, my son!

## ©STEP-14*

## Gitanjal

By Rabindra Nath Tagore

Where the mind is without fear and the head is held high Where knowledge is free

Where the world has not been broken up into fragments

By narrow domestic walls
Where words come out from the depth of truth
Where tireless striving stretches its arms towards perfection
Where the clear stream of reason has not lost its way
Into the dreary desert sand of dead habit
Where the mind is led forward by thee
Into ever-widening thought and action
Into that heaven of freedom, my Father, let my country awake


## Footprints in the Sand

By Mary Stevenson
One night a man had a dream. He dreamed he was walking along the beach with the LORD.

Across the sky flashed scenes from his life.
For each scene he noticed two sets of
footprints in the sand: one belonging
to him, and the other to the LORD.

When the last scene of his life flashed before him,
he looked back at the footprints in the sand.
He noticed that many times along the path of
his life there was only one set of footprints.

He also noticed that it happened at the very lowest and saddest times in his life.
This really bothered him and he
questioned the LORD about it:
"LORD, you said that once I decided to follow you, you'd walk with me all the way. But I have noticed that during the most troublesome times in my life,
there is only one set of footprints
I don't understand why when
I needed you most you would leave me."

The LORD replied:
"My son, my precious child.
I love you and I would never leave you.
During your times of trial and suffering, when you see only one set of footprints,
it was then that I carried you "

## OSTEP-15 ${ }^{\circ}$

## Friendship

He that is the friend indeed. He will help you thy in need If the sorrow, he will weep.

If thou wake, he cannot sleep.

Thus of every grief in heart He will be doth bear apart
These certain signs to know faithful friend from fluttering foe

## Little Birdie

What does little birdie say In her nest at peep of day Let me fly say little birdie.....
 mother let me fly away Wait little birdie.... wait some long Till your little wings are stronger So she waits little longer
\& then she flies away.



## Friends,

Short stories are amongst the easiest literature in English to get hold of. Undersized, precise but never compromising on its literate value. They are good to start with if you have never read a longer text like novel or any other fiction or non-fiction book before. Although a short story forms its own genre, they are often written in many moods. Unlike a novel, a short story does not carry multiple dispositions to itself; a short story always revolves one central idea or feel to it. In this section of the book we will look at three short stories written in varied moods and will try to analyze the central idea behind them.


## ©STEP-16*

## A Brother like That

'A brother like that' is an emotional story of two brothers and as the name suggests their unconditional love. Let us see how these two brothers touch the life of a complete stranger in a way both unimaginable and magical, hence transforming him in a better person.

## Story

A friend of mine named Paul received an automobile from his brother as a Christmas present. On Christmas Eve when Paul came out of his office, a street urchin was walking around the shiny new car, admining it. "Is this your car, Mister?" he asked.

Paul nodded. "My brother gave it to me for Christmas." The boy was astounded. "You mean your brother gave it to you and it didn't cost you nothing? Boy, I wish . . ." He hesitated

Of course Paul knew what he was going to wish for. He was going to wish he had a brother like that. But what the lad said jarred Paul all the way down to his heels.
"I wish," the boy went on, "that I could be a brother like that."
Paul looked at the boy in astonishment, then impulsively he added, "Would you like to take a ride in my automobile?"
"Oh yes, l'd love that."

After a short ride, the boy turned and with his eyes aglow, said, "Mister, would you mind driving in front of my house?"

Paul smiled a little. He thought he knew what the lad wanted. He wanted to show his neighbors that he could ride home in a big automobile. But Paul was wrong again. "Will you stop where those two steps are?" the boy asked.

He ran up the steps. Then in a little while Paul heard him coming hack, but he was not coming fast. He was carrying his little crippled brother. He sat him down on the bottom step, then sort of squeezed up against him and pointed to the car.
"There she is, Buddy, just like the one I told you upstairs. His brother gave it to him for Christmas and it didn't cost him a cent. And some day I'm gonna give you something just like it ... then you can see for yourself all the pretty things in the Christmas windows that I've been trying to tell you about."

Paul got out and lifted the lad to the front seat of his car. The shining-eyed older brother climbed in beside him and the three of them began a memorable holiday ride.

That Christmas Eve, Paul learned what Jesus meant when he had said: "lt is more blessed to give . . ."


## All I Really Needed to Know I learned at Kindergarten

'All I Really Needed to Know' is a beautiful piece of writing which contains a description of the things we learn at kindergarten or nursery school. It bears a comparison of these simple things that we learn then and how these are ultimately the things that matter to us adults.

Story
Most of what I really need to know about how to live and what to do and how to be, I learned in kindergarten. Wisdom was not at the top of the graduate mountain, but there in the sandbox at nursery school.

These are the things I learned: Share everything. Play fair. Don't hit people. Put things back where you found them. Clean up your own mess. Don't take things that aren't yours. Say you're sorry when you hurt somebody. Wash your hands before you eat. Flush. Warm cookies and cold milk are good for you. Live a balanced life. Leam some and think some and draw and paint and sing and dance and play and work every day some.

Take a nap every afternoon. When you go out into the world, watch for traffic, hold hands and stick together. Be aware of wonder. Remember the little seed in the plastic cup. The roots go down and the plant goes up and nobody really knows how or why, but we are all like that.

Goldfish and hamsters and white mice and even the little seed in the plastic cup - they all die. So do we.

And then remember the book about Dick and Jane and the first word you learned, the biggest word of all:

LOOK. Everything you need to know is in there some-where. The Golden Rule and love and basic sanitation. Ecology and politics and sane living.
Think of what a better world it would be if we all - the whole world - had cookies and milk about 3 o'clock every afternoon and then lay down with our blankets for a nap. Or if we had a basic policy in our nations to always put things back where we found them and cleaned up our own messes. And it is still true, no matter how old you are, when you go out into the world, it is better to hold hands and stick together.


## Are you God?"



## Story

One cold evening during the holiday seasons a little boy about six or seven was standing out in front of a store window. The little child had no shoes and his clothes were mere rags. A young woman passing by saw the little boy and could read the longing in his pale blue eyes. She took the child by the hand and led him into the store. There she bought him some new shoes and a complete suit of warm clothing.

They came back outside into the street and the woman said to the child, "Now you can go home and have a very happy holiday".

The little boy looked up at her and asked, "Are you God, Madam?"
She smiled down at him and replied, "No, son I am just one of his children."
The little boy then said, "I knew it, you had to be in some relation to him."


## Nothing But the Truth

The following account is a short and humorous real life story narrated by a journalist. Go on to read the account and notice the narrative's entertainment style and subtle humor

## Story

David Castevens of the Dallas Morning ivews tells a story about Frank Szymanski, of Notre Dame center in the 1940s, who had been called as a witness in a civil suit at South Bend
"Are you on the Notre Dame football team this year?" the judge asked.
"Yes, Your Honor."
"What position?"
"Center, Your Honor."
"How good a center?"
Szymanski squirmed in his seat, but said firmly: "Sir, I'm the best center Notre Dame has ever had."

Coach Frank Leahy, who was in the courtroom, was surprised. Szymanski always had been modest and unassuming. So when the proceedings were over, he took Szymanski aside and asked why he had made such a statement. Szymanski blushed.
"I hated to do it, Coach," he said. "But, after all, I was under oath."


## QSTEP-18

## The Wise Woman's Stone

The wise woman's stone is a moralistic piece of writing. The following short story goes on with a wise woman and the events that follow her finding of a precious stone. Now go on and read the piece below. You may recall more such stories that you might have heard in your mother tongue in the past, after reading this story try to narrate the older stories that you have heard before. It might take a little while to master this art but narrating short stories comes in hand when you want to convey personal incidents or events to your friends. Try it.

## Story

A wise woman who was traveling in the mountains found a precious stone in a stream. The next day she met another traveller who was hungry and the wise woman opened her bag to share her food. The hungry traveller saw the precious stone in the wise woman's bag, admired it and asked the wise woman to give it to him. The wise woman did so without hesitation. The traveller left, rejoicing in his good fortune. He knew the jewel was worth enough to give him security for the rest of his life.
But a few days later he came back searching for the wise woman. When he found her, he returned the stone and said, "I have been thinking. I know how valuable this stone is, but I give it back to you in the hope that you can give me; what you have within you that enabled you to give me the stone."



## Abraham Lincoln Didn't.Quit

Read below the account of a great hero in his own words. The inspirational piece holds the description of his journey from a pauper to the president, read and then decide for yourself if even after all the failures he faced in his life, would you call HIM a Failure?
The sense of obligation to continue is present in all of ns. A duty to strive is the duty of us all. I felt a call to that duty.

## Abraham Lincoln

Probably the greatest example of persistence is Abraham Lincoln. If you want to learn about some-body who didn't quit, look no further.
Born into poverty, Lincoln was faced with defeat throughout his life. He lost eight elections, twice failed in business and suffered a nervous breakdown.
He could have quit many times - but he didn't and because he didn't quit, he became one of the greatest presidents in the history of our country.
Lincoln was a champion and he never gave up. Here is a sketch of Lincoln's road to the White House:
1816 His family was forced out of their home.He had to work to support them. 1818 His mother died.
1818 His mother
Failed in business.
1832 Ran for state legislature - lost
1832 Also lost his job - wanted to go to law school but couldn't get in.
1833 Borrowed some money from a friend to be-gin a business and by the end of the year he was bankrupt. He spent the next 17 years of his life paying off this debt.
Ran for state legislature again - won.
1834 Ran for state legislature again - won.
1835 . Was engaged to be married, sweetheart died and his heart was broken.
1836 Had a total nervous breakdown and was in bed for six months.
1838 Sought to become speaker of the state legis-lature - defeated.
1840 Sought to become elector - defeated.
1846 Ran for Congress again - this time he won - went to Washington and did a good job.
Ran for re-election to Congress - lost.
Sought the job of land officer in his home state - rejected.
1854 - Ran for Senate of the United States - lost. 1856 Sought the Vice. Presidential nomination at his party's national convention - got less than 100 votes.
1858 Ran for U.S. Senate again - again he lost. 1860 Elected president of the United States.
The path was worn and slippery, my foot slipped from under me, knocking I be other out of the way but I recovered and said to myself. "lf's a slip and not a fall."
Abraham Lincoln After loṣing a senate
Source Unknown


Friends,
One of the most under exploited and neglected areas within perfecting the communication of a language is humour. How many course books have a section on humour? How many syllabi include the ability to tell or understand a joke? Yet understanding the sense of humour and jokes is a key element of understanding and participating in the general dialogue and discussions amoungst a group. Jokes, undoubtedly will make up the most remarkable section in this book, it's not only easier to follow but also very interesting.

Now let us proceed with our fun lesson on grasping the humour, just in a different language than usual.



## Kids Jokes

Kids due to their unending curiosity, often go on to say the funniest of things without even realizing it. Although these jokes are often funny for people of all ages, kids and adults alike, they are typically geared towards children and young adults. By this, we mean that they have a shortness and simpleness about them that allow an individual at virtually any age to get a good laugh. Here is a collection of few jokes we will try to understand as part of our exercise for improving our English skills.

## JOKE \# 1

There were three guys and a dragon. The dragon said, "I am going to eat you.
The first guy said, "No, let's make a deal."
The dragon said ,"O.K. what kind of deal?"
The second guy said, "If we each tell you something that we think you can't do, and you can do all of it, you may eat us." The dragon agreed to the deal.

So the first guy said, "Go to the barn, eat 16 rooms of hay,". The dragon did it.

The second guy said, "Drink half of the ocean water." The dragon succeeded in doing this, also.

The third guy burped, and said, "Catch it and paint it green."
The three guys lived happily ever after!
JOKE \# 2

| Nazia | $:$ Would you remember me in a month? |
| :--- | :--- |
| Mom | $:$ sure |
| Nazia | $:$ Would you remember me in a week? |
| Mom | $:$ sure |
| Nazia | $:$ Would you remember me in a day? |
| Mom | $:$ sure |
| Nazia | $:$ Would you remember me in an hour? |
| Mom | $:$ sure |



| Nazia | Would you remember me in a minute? |
| :---: | :---: |
| Mom | sure |
| Nazia | Would you remember me in a second? |
| Mom | sure |
| Nazia | Knock, Knock |
| Mom | Who's there? |
| Nazia | Mommy, You forgot me already! |
|  | JOKE \# 3 |
| Mother | What did you learn in school today |
| Son | How to write |
| Mother | What did you write? |
| Son | I don't know, they haven't taught us how to read yet! |
|  | JOKE \# 4 |
| Teacher | Are you good at math? |
| Pupil | Yes and no |
| Teacher | What do you mean? |
| Pupil | Yes, I'm no good at math! |
|  | JOKE \# 5 |
| Why did P | man take a ruler to bed? |
| Because he wanted to see how long he slept! |  |
|  | JOKE \# 6 |
| Teacher | What is further away, Australia or the Moon? |
| Pupil | Australia, you can see the Moon at night! |
|  | JOKE \# 7 |
| Teacher | Name four members of the cat family |
| Pupil | Daddy cat, mummy cat and two kittens! |
|  | JOKE \# 8 |

Taking his seat in his chambers, the judge faced the opposing lawyers So," he said, "I have been presented, by both of you, with a bribe." Both lawyers squirmed uncomfortably. "You, attorney Leon, gave me \$15,000. And you, attorney Campos, gave me $\$ 10,000$." The judge reached into his pocket and pulled out a check. He handed it to Leon "Now then, I'm returning $\$ 5,000$, and we're going to decide this case solely on its merits."

The Judge admonished the witness, "Do you understand that you have sworn to tell the truth?"
"I do."
"Do you understand what will happen if you are not truthful?" "Sure," said the witness. "My side will win."

Husband : I hear that husband and wife are not allowed to be together in heaven, is that so??

Wife : Yes Honey, thats why it is called heaven


## Funny Inciden

Our life is full of various events but some incidents play a special part in life's experiences. When such incidents come to our recollection, it makes us happy and cheerful. You might have felt the need in the past to describe your personal events such as these to your friends but could have kept the urge inside you for the fear of messing up in the recitation or description in English. This section will assist you in doing so.
Here we are providing you the description of one such real life incident. This took place with a person who has been working for quite a long shift at his job and has been given to carry out one last task for the day.
Read the incident below paying attention to the style of narration of the speaker while describing the incident
About six month ago I used to drive a taxi at weekends and I worked 13 to 16 hours a day for some extra cash. Once after a 16 hours shift, I called my controller on the radio and told him I am going home. It was early in the morning and there was no driver at the base therefore my controller told me to stay another 30 minutes. After 15 minutes my controller passed me a job on radio, before accepting the job I asked my controller 'is it local job?' he replied 'yes'. I went and knocked the door of given address and two people came out with big suitcases. When I saw their suitcases I became bit suspicious that this job is not local they are going to the airport. I asked them 'where are you going sir?' they replied 'Heathrow airport' (it was about 2 hours journey). I was tired and feeling sleepy and when I heard that job is going to heathrow I felt even more tired. Anyway now 1 wasn't able to refuse the job so I put the passangers suitcases quickly and angrily in my car's trunk and drove towards heathrow airport. I switched off my radio to avoid the controller fully aware that it was not allowed to keep your mobile phone on while working.

I was on my way to the airport and when I reached near the airport I asked my passengers 'which terminal you are going sir' (there are four terminals in heathrow airport) in return there was no reply. Again I asked 'which terminal you going sir' again no reply, third time while repeating my question I turned my head towaro passengers seat. I was shocked, there were no passengers in my car and I realized that in haste I forgot to board the passengers. I only loaded their luggage and left.

Similarly, try to recite your personally witnessed incidents in a similar fashion using the above stated description as a guide.


## Just For Fun

Here, are a few one-liners or funny one line quotes for you all. Take it as a break from the hard work you have been doing and you will never know the different techniques you will simultaneously acquire in understanding English humour.

It's always darkest before dawn. So if you're going to steal the neighbor's newspaper, that's the time to do it.

Monday is an awful way to spend $1 / 7$ th of your life.


No one is listening until you make a mistake.

The Bermuda Triangle got tired of warm weather. It moved to Finland. Now Santa Claus is missing.

There are two theories to arguing with women. Neither one works.

To steal ideas from one person is plagiarism; to steal from many is research.

What happens if you get scared half to death twice?


GRAMMAR

## Pronunciation Part-I

اللهجة الجزء الاون

> أصدقاونا الأعزاء:

يككنكم الانن تتلم طربقة اللطق الصحيح بمساعدة الأسطوانات المدمجة المزودة مع هذا الكتابـ. ولكن علينا أن تتعرف على المباديء الأساسية للمحادثة باللغة الانجليزية، والتي سوف تـباعدك على تراءة الجزء اللمكتوب بصورة صحيحة وبئقة كبيرة. وعليك ان تسككر ان اللطقق السليم هو
،فتاح الثقّة في النفس.

Accent (أكسبنت ،اللهجبة)
إن أهمية نطق الكلمات خلال المحادثة باللغة الانجليزيةِ مفهوم للغاية. وطبقًا لجانب النطق، فان
الكلمات الإنجليزية بعكن تقنيمها الى جزنين
1ـ ذلك الجزء من الكلمة المنطوقة بكل بساطة دونما أي جهد
2- جزء من الكلمـة المنطوقة بجهد
على سبيل المثال

كومون / عادي أو شانع Common
Doctor طبيب/ دكتور -دكتور:
English ابنجليزي او اللغة الإنجليزية - ابنجليش :
في هذه الكلمات ينطقّ المرفـ الأول بقوة، في حين البعض الآخر بينطق بكل بساطة.
وبمواصلة الإستماع والتحدث باللغة الانجليزيـة، سوف تكون قد مارست اللغةّ ممارسـة جيدة، ومن ثم سوفــ تتـرف على أي الكلمات تتطق بقوة وايها ينطق دون وضع أي ضـنط أو قوة عليها.

على سبيل المثال :
كلمات يتم التُّديد على أول جزء هنها
كلمات يتم التُّديد على آخر جزء هنها
Answer - أنسر
أبوت - About
أولويز - Always
Account - أكونت
Better - بنر
Address - أدرس
Bowel - باول
City - سيتي
Difference-ديفرنس
أبلامي - Apply
Between - بيتوين
Beside - بيسايد



| Figure - فيجر | Suggest - سجيسّ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Fortune - فورتن | Today - توداي |
| Golden - جولدن | Upon - أبون |
| Husband - هاسباتد | Without - ويداوت |

Intonation التنتيم والتجزيد
في المحادثة، أمر الارتفاع والانخفاض في اللأهجة بالغ الأهمبة. يتتمد الآتيير عن كل المثناعر على رفع وخفض الأهـوات المتحركة؛ ففي الأفلام أو المبلسلات أو الراديو فإن أي تقديم يطلق

 مماثلة، على الأقل من ناحية القواعد النحوية؛ حيث أنها تختلف فقط عندما تنطق ويتم التّتدبد على الكلمات المخخلفة.

طبقاً للهجة الكلام، يمكن نصنيف الجمل ابلى ثلاث فناتـ.


| Eager | - | شغنف | - | ايجر |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ease | - | يسر وسهولة | - | إيز |
| Home | - | هوم |  |  |
| House | - | هاوس |  |  | e.g. - Bomb- بام, Dumb- دام, Doubt- داوت, Debt - ديت

(3) حرفي C و D:

بعد G، يظل D صامتا على سبيل المثالّ:


(4) حرفي G و H:

في اللتهجنة فإن حرف G هو أكثر الحروف صمتا. وبصفة عامة عندما يأتي حرف N بـد حرف
G، لا ينطق حرف G

إذاً أتت هذه الحروف في مستثل أي كلمة، لا تنطق بصفة عامهة.

| Gnat | - | بتوضة | - | نات |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Know | - | يحرف أو يطلم | - | نو |
| Knee | - | ركبة | - | ني |
| Wrong | - | خطا | - | رونج |
| Wrist | - | رسغ | - | ريست |
| Early | - | مبكر | - | إيرلي |
| Earn | - | يكسب | - | ايرن |
| Honest | - | ا'مين | - | اونست |
| Hour | - | ساعة زمن | - | آور |

ولكن بحض الكلمات تبدأ بحرف E وحرف H هي الاستثّاء عن القاعدة، على سبيل المثالل -



Gnat - نات(بحوضدة) , Gnaw - نو (ينهش أو يُرض)

و هذه الحالة تستخدم في
أنسماء العلم

مثّل - نظربية، وما إلى غير ذلك
في حالة إذا أنى "gn" في كلمةَ بحد حرف متحرك، عندنذِ لا ينطقّ.

Sign - ساين (عالزمة او دلالةّ) - ستش آز مثلّ
Foreign - (أجنبي), فورن

Daughter - (إبنة), دوتر ()
Right - رايت , رايت (ص)
High - هاي (عالب أو مرتنع),
Night - اليت (ليلة)
(5) يكون حرف L صامتًا بصفةَ عامة عندما ياتّي بعد حرف "a" أو "u" وقبل أي حرف ساكن

Almond - ألموند , (لوز)
Balm - (بالمش), بالم
Talk - (يتحدث), تورك
Half- هاف (نصف أو منتصف)
(6) عندما بأتي حرف N بعد حرف M في الهجاء، لا ينطقّ


Damn - ستشّ آز - مثل ، دام - اللحنـة
Autumn - اوتوم (خريف)


Pneumonia - نومونيا (التهاب رنوي)
Psalm - سالم (مزمار "مزامير داوود")
Psychology - Pronunciation - سايكولوجي (علم النفس)

 ". أنظر الكلمات الثالية: age - آيدج (عمر أو سن)، air - آيرِ (هواء)، all أول (جمبع أو



## Pronunciations of ' $E$ '

"E" نطوّ حرف

عادةّ ما يستَخدم حرف E كحرف متّحرك. و عادة ما يكون له صوت e, ee, ei, ia, ae. ولكن
عندما يضاف إلى أي حرف متحرك آخر فإنه بِططي أصواتَا مختلفة.
أنظر بعض الكلمـات

English (إنجليش), East (إيست), Every (إبفيري), Eight (بيت), Bread (بريد), Tree (تري), Kite (كايت), Rice (كلير), (كير), Head (هير), Clear

## Pronunciations of 'I'

نطق حرف " ا

في حالة إذا بدات كلمة بحرف ا، تنطقّ مثل ee، ولكن في حالة إذا أتى الحرف بين كلمتين، e, iye, i نـطوْ مثل 1
إليكم بعض الأمثلة

Income (إينكوم), Ice (آيس), With (روس), Fire (فاير), Right (رايت), Union

Pronunciations of ' $\mathrm{O}^{\prime}$
نطق حرف O
-



- عندما تكتب متل "00" تنطّق مثّل "u" أو "oo"
- Food (فوود), Look (لروك), Room (رووم)
، هناك بعض الاستثناءات مثل

Flood (فلود) (فـون), Blood (دل) (دم), etc.

- في بعض الكلمات يضاف حرفي u و w إلى "O" \& ليصبح النطق "O"، "au"، أو " "aw
 Four (فور) (أربعة), o مثلما على سبيل المثالل:W Wمتل Oفي بعض الأحيبان ينطقَ حرن One (وان) (واحد), Once (وانس) (مرة واحدة أو بمجرد),


## Pronunciations of 'U

نطق حرفـ (U):
-

- Under (iاندار) (تحت), Up (آبل) (آبى), Union (اتحادنيون), Useful (مفيد) (يوسفون)
- عندما تأتي ما بين الحروف الهجانية فإنها تتنطق متل "u" أو "00"، متل:Put (بوت) (يضع) (رول) (يحك أو قاعدة أو حكم), Rule Music (ميوزيك) (موسيقى) (موبر) (متاذ) Super)
 Cut (كات) (كطع), but (بت) (لكت), etc.

Pronunciations ' $W$ ' and ' $Y$ '
نطق حرفي w و y
 va وحرف y ينطقّ مثّل ya على سبيل المثال:

## English Guru - GO

Wonder (وندر) (بندجب), Tyre (تاير) (بیار), win (ينور), Yesterday (انمس) (يسترداي)

ينطق Wo مثل "Oo" على سبيل المثال:
Now (انال) (الاو), Powder (مسحوق), Row (باودر), (صف أو مشاجرة),
" م ينطق ay مثل ae، مثلما في:

-ee eندما يوضع حرف y في نهاية الكلمة، تتطق مثل e
 (يطير/ ذبابة) (فلاي)

## Pronunciation of Consonants

نطق الأحرف الساكنة
في التحدث باللغة الإنجليزية فابن نطق الأحرف الساكنة عادة ها يكون أقل تحقيدا من الأحرف


$$
\text { u. والأحرف } 21 \text { الباقية سـكنة. }
$$

معظم الأحرف اللساكنة في اللغة الانجليزية تتيح صوتا واحدا فتط. وهناك فقهط بضـة أحرف
سـاكنة الثتي يكون لها أكثر من صوت واحد.

B, D, F, J, في اللغة الإنجليزية هنالك 14 حرف ينتج عنهم صونتّ واحدا فكّط. وهي أحرن ون

## $$
\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{M} N, \mathrm{P}, \mathrm{R}, \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{Y} \text { and } \mathrm{Z}
$$ <br> K, L, M N, P, R, V, W, Y and Z


بالغة.

التوامل الرنيسية التّي تؤثر على نطق الأحرف الساكنة.

CGHQSTX
ينطق C متل Ka أو. على سبيل المثال - Sa

| Cow | كاو | بقرة |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cake | كيك | 洤 |
| Cup | كاب | كوب |
| Cinema | سينما | سينما |
| Circle | سيركل | دانرة |

$$
1
$$

$$
\text { |في اللغة الإنجليزية هناك } 14 \text { حرف ينتج عث }
$$

$$
\text { وكما ناقشُنا سلفا فابن الأحرف } 14 \text { في اللغة الإنجليزية تتطق كما تكتب. والآن نناقشُ الأحرف }
$$

السبعة الساكنة البـاقية -
$\square$




| Church | تُتُيرينتّن | كنيسة |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chair | تثنير | كرسي |
| Christ | كرايست | الكسيح |
| Ceremony | سيريموني | مناسبة |

إذا كان هناك حرفبن متحركين "ea" او "ia" بعد حرف c في هجاء، عادة ها يكون النطق هثل

Social - (الجتماعي) (سوشيال)
Ocean - (انوشين) (محيط) (
Musician - (ميوزيشين) (الينين) ( (موسيني)
في بعض الأحيان ينطق حرف Ga مثل "Ja" وفي بعض الأحيان مثل "Ga"
على سبيل المثال

| General | جنر | عام |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gem | ج | جوهرة |
| Ginger | جنجر | زنجبيل |
| Game | جيم | لكبة |
| God | جاد | الشّ/ الرب |
| Gun | جا | مدفع أو مسلس |
| Great | جريت | عظيم |
| Ghost | جوست | شبّح أو روح |
| Ghastly | جاستلي | بشُ |

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ينطق حرّف Hمثل "ha" ولكن مع بعض الأحرف الساكنة ينتج عنه صوتأ جديدا. } \\
& \text { على سبيل المثال }
\end{aligned}
$$


Human (هيومان) (إنسان)


ينطق حرف "Q" متل "Ka" ولكن عندما يستخدم حرف U ويضاف البى q فابنه ينتج عنه "

English Guru - GO

Quite (تماياما) (تما)
Quality (كواليتي) (جود) (جو)

Quest (كويست) (بحث او مسألة) (كا (ب)
Queen (كويين) (كلكة) (مل)
Sa, Sha, Ja هناكُ أصوات شائتة ومشتركة لحرف S في اللغة الإنجليزية؛ مثل؟ على سبيل المثال
School (مدرسة) (سكول), Song (سونج) (أغنية), Sample (سينة) (سبل) Sure
 (
Session (سيشين) (جلسة).
-
Tea (تشاي) (تي), Total (توتال) (إجمالي),
e

That (ذات) (ذزلك للبتيد), They (ذاي) (هم)

Ration (ريشان) (حصة أو تموين), Tuition (تويشن)) (مصاريف دراسية), Patient
(نسبة) (راشيو) Ratio, (مريض) (بيشانت)
ه في بعض الأحيان ينطق "tu" على أنه "ch" مثل:


## Pronunciation of $X$

نطق حرف X:

الكلمات التي تبدأ بحرف u تتطق "je". في بعض الأحيان عندما يكون حرف الـ x واقعأ بين
كلمات فانه ينطق على انـه "Je" مثل:
 (إتام أو كامل) (إجزاكت), Exit (إجزيت) (مخرج).

Sometimes it is pronounced as 'Se'. e.g. -
في بعض الأحيان تتطق "Se" مثل: Exercise(إكسرسايز) (تمرين او تدريب), Excess(إكسيس)) (فانض أو إضافي أو زاند), Extra (إكسترا) (فانض أو إضافي) (انفي)



## One Word Substitution

تبديل كلمة واحدة

إصدقاونا الأعزاء،
 المعنى اللعام للجملة يتغير. لذا يتكين علينا أن نكون واضحين تمامـأ في استتذدام هذه الكلمات. والان تدبروا الكلمات التالية وقوموا بتثبيت استخداماتها في أذهانكم.

A school for training in a special art
academy
A person taking an active part in a movement
activist adhesive
Ad hoc
Aeronautics Alcoholic Altruist

Alumnus Amphibian Maxim

## Apprentice

Aquarium
Astronomy
Barometer
Best seller
Beverage Bibliography

Biodata
Blockbuster
Bookworm
Botany
Brouchure

Bulldozer
24) The art of beautifully writing by hand

Calligraphy
25) An occasion of public enjoyment

Carnival
26) Connected with heart

Cardiac
27) Of the sky or heaven

Celestial
Connected with the brain Cerebral
The art of arranging dances
Choreography
Chorus
A group of people who sing together
Classic
Suitable for ordinary, informal, or familiar coversation
Colloquial Coma
33) A state of long unnatural deep unconciousness

Combustlble
One who plays funny parts in plays \& films
Comedian
36) An article of trade \& commerce

Commodity
37) The natural color of skin

Complexion
That which acts as a path for electricity, heat, etc.
Conductor
39) A small bed for a baby

Cradle
40) A style of cooking
41) Insincere signs of sorrow \& sympathy

The ability to produce new \& original Ideas
Crocodile tears
43) One who is prepared to take dangerous risks Dare-devil
44) Hard \& uninteresting work

Drudgery
45) A piece of music for two performers Duet
46) Of the Netherlands (Holland)
47) A circular movement of water, wind, dust, etc.
48) Based on practical experience of the world we see and feel
49) That which is mysterious and very hard to understand
50) To change into steam and disappear
51) Gradual development from simpler forms
52) A public show of objects
53) One who likes to spend time with others
54) Any of the many flat sides of a cut jewel
55) A false idea or belief

56) The practice of giving unfairly generous treatment to one person

Favouritism
57) The person one is going to marry

Fiance (feminine fiancee)
58) A thin thread

Filament
59) The management of large amounts of money

Finance
60) A scene in a film that goes back in time
61) All the plants of particular place, country, or period
62) Two weeks n
63) Goods carried by ship, train, plane, etc.

Freight
64) A large group of stars Galaxy
65) A building in which motor vehicles can be kept
66) The art and science of cooking and eating good food

Gastronomy Get-together Grave
68) The place in the ground where a dead person is buried Guineapi9
69) A person who is subject of some kind of test
70) An explosive substance in the form of a powder

Gun-powder
71) A short book giving all the most important information about a subject

Handbook
72) Determined to do what one wants in spite of all advice
75) A valuable object passed on for generations
76) A plant-eating anima
77) An animal's skin, when removed to be used for leather
78) The study and practice of how to keep good health and prevent the spreading of diseas

Hygiene
79) A set of ideas on which a political or economic system is based

Ideology
80) The worship of idols Idolatry
81) Difficult or impossible to read

Illegible
82) That which will never die

Immortal
83) In physical form rather than in the form of a spirit or idea

Incarnate
Inflate
84) To fill until swelled with air or gas

Ingest
85) To take food into the stomach
86) One who plans and chooses colours, furnishings, etc.

Interior decorator
87) Not having made a will

Intestate
88) A list of goods supplied, stating quantity and price Invoice
89) A knife with a blade that folds into the handle
90) Body decorations such as rings, necklaces, etc. ack knife Jewellery Journal Juxtapose Laminate
93) To cover with thin metal or plastic sheets Laminate
94) A white mass produced by shaking a mixture of soap and water

Lather
95) A base from which a missile is sent off into the sky.

Launching pad
96) The average number of years a person is expected to live

Life Expectancy
100) Too great interest in money etc. rather than spiritual matters
101) Head of a city or town
102) The science of the action of forces on objects
103) A very small painting
113) The appearing of objects which are not really there
104) An object thrown as a weapon
105) One who keeps thinking of one particular idea only
106) Having unchanging narrow ideas about right and wrong
107) A few words taken as the guiding principle
108) A company having operations in many different countries
109) A man who is employed to use his strength to protect a criminal
97) A feeling of pain without any particular pain or appearance of disease

Materialism
Mayor
Mechanics
Miniature
Mirage
Missile

Monomaniac


110) The belief that nothing has meaning or value Official Notary
111) A public official who makes written statements Nursery
112) A place where small children are taken care of Oval
113) That which is egg-shaped

Overhaul
114) Thorough examination and repair if necessary
115) A small machine that regularises heartbeats

Pacemaker
Packaging
Paralysis
117) A loss of feeling in, and control of body m:यscles
118) The breathing in of smoke from the cigarettos that others are smoking

Passive Smoking
119) The right to make or sell a new invention
120) One who steals things from people's pockets

Patent
121) The natural coloring matter of plants and animals

Pick-pocket

## Pigment

122) One who brings a charge against someone in a court

Plaintiff
123) Something that blocks a hole
124) A face that shows nothing of what one is thinking or feeling Poker face
125) Meat from pigs Pork
126) A short summary of a piece of writing Precis
127) An animal that is hunted and eaten by another

Prey
128) Printed information produced by a computer

Printout
129) A side view of someone's head

Profile
130) Something that sticks out from a surface Projection
131) An explosive for firing a bullet or a rocket

Propellant
132) A note added at the end of a letter

Post Script (or P.S.)
133) A building where alcohol may be bought and drunk
134) Of or having an effect on the lungs

Pulmonary
135) A thick yellowish liquid produced in an infected wound
136) A line of people waiting for something
137) The relationship between two amounts
138) Property in the form of land and houses Real Estate
139) A pause for rest during the working day or year
140) Caught in the act of doing something wrong
141) A book containing an official record or list

Register
142) A renewal of interest in some particular kind of art, literature, etc.

Renaissance
Reproduction
143) The act or process of producing young ones
144) Sound produced in one object by sound waves from another

Resonance
145) Connected with breathing

Respiratory
146) An act of filming or recording something again

Re-take
147) The questioning of the main beliefs of an already existing political system

Revisionism
148) To end with the same sound, including a vowel

Rhyme
149) One who travels around a lot and has no fixed address or responsibilities

Rolling stone
150) One who acts only to make official the decisions already made by another
--
Rubber stamp
151) An official decision of a court
152) A leather seat over the back of an animal for the rider Saddle
153) Unwilling to believe a claim or promise

Sceptical
154) Of or caused by earthquakes
155) Where there are not many goods for sale

Seismic
Seller's market
156) Darkness caused by the blocking of light.

Shadow
157) An unwanted effect hapening in addition to the intended one.

| 158) Any of those who sign an agreement | Side effect |
| :--- | ---: |
| 159) The structure consisting of all the bones | Signatory |
| 160) A partner in a business who takes no active part. | Skeleton |

161) A Slight unintentional mistake
162) A person well known for going to fashionable parties
163) A grand public show or scene
164) A spirit of honest fair play
165) A political leader who is respected as being wise, honourable and fair minded


| 166) | Of the stars | Stellar |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -167) | A trick to deceive an enemy | Stratagem |
| 168) | A person skilled in planning, |  |
|  | especially of militrary movements | Strategist |
| 169) | Money paid by the govt to make prices lower | Subsidy |
| 170) | A short account giving the main points | Summary |
| 171) | A large spoon used for serving food | Tablespoon |
| 172) | One who is employed to receive and pay out |  |
|  | money in a bank | Teller |
| 173) | The act, right, or period of holding land or a job | Tenure |
| 174) | The subject of a talk, plece of writing, etc. | Theme |
| 175) | Of heat | Thermal |
| 176) | The loud explosive noise that follows a flash of lightning | Thunder |
| 177) | The chief part in play, after which the play is named | Title role |
| 178) | A word or phrase difficult to speak quickly or correctly | Tongue twister |
| 179) | Something used as a test or standard | Touchstone |
| 180) | One who is disloyal to one's country | Traitor |
| 181) | A ruler with complete power, who rules cruelly and unjustly | Tyrant |
| 182) | In a position with the top turned to the bottom | Upsidedown |
| 183) | Of a town or city | Urban |
| 184) | A turning movement which takes one back in the |  |
|  | direction one came from | U-turn |
| 185) | One who watçes television | Viewer |
| 186) | Done willingly, without being forced | Voluntary |
| 187) | Leaving a meeting as an expression of disaproval | Walkout |
| 188) | A large cupboard in which one hangs up clothes | Wardrobe |
| 189) | Empty, unproductive, land | Wasteland |
| 190) | The business of selling goods to shopkeepers | Wholesale |
| 201) | A single whole piece of glass in a window | Windowpane |
| 202) | The ability to say clever and amusing things | wit |
| 203) | One who has magic powers | Wizard |

## gords

كلمات محيرة ومريكة
|أصدقاؤنا الأعزاء،
!إليكم بعض الكلمات التي يتشّابه نطقها ولكن عندما نقوم بتغيير أماكن هذه الكلمات عندنذ! يتّغير معنى الجمل بالكامل. لذا فإننا لابد وأن نكون واضحين للغاية عند استخدامنا لهذه الكلمات. والآن قوموا بدراسة هذه الكلمات واستخدامامتها.

1. Accept (take) - He accepted my proposal.

Except (bearing out) - All were present except Hari
2. Accessary (Helper in crime) - He was an accessary in murder of Mr. Roy Accessory (extra useful thing) - Lamp and pump are the accessories of a bicycle.
3. Accident (that happens by chance) - He died in an accident Incident (an event) - There are many incidents of terrorism in Kashmir
4. Adapt (make suitable) - This book has been adapted to the needs of the pupil.

Adept (expert) - He is adept in swimming
Adopt (take in one's family as son/daughther) - He has adopted his sister's son.
5. Addition (putting more) - Addition of lemon made it more tasty.

Edition (number of form of a publication) - The first edition of the book was sold in no time.
6. Bale (big packing) - They received 100 bales of cotton.

Ball (security) - He was relesed on bail.
7. Bear (tolerate) - she bears all difficulties

Beer (a mild drink) - Many people take beer not wine
8. Beach (sea shore) - People go to the beach for a sea bath.

Beech (a tree) -Beech trees grow generally on hilly areas.
9. Beside (by the side of) - Sit beside me.

Besides (in addition to) - Besides my elder son the younger son was also present.
10. Cast (to throw down) -The boat has cast anchor Caste (a section of Hindu Society) - He is Brahmin by caste
$=$


11. Check (restraint) - Keep your temper in check Cheque (bank money order form) - I gave a cheque for Rs. 6000/-
12. Childish - Your conduct is childish (used in a bad sense) Childlike - He was childlilke in his simplicity (used In a good sense).
13. Compliment (civility) - Tender my compliments to your brother. Complement (full degree) - Morality and religion are each the complement of the other.
14. Considerable (not small) - I lost a considerable sum of money. Considerate (sympathetic) - Our master is considerate tows.
15. Corporal (physical) - Corporal punishment is not desilrble.

Corporeal (having a body) - We cannot escape disease in our corporeal existence.
16. Corps (regiment) - We organished a volunteer corps.

Corpse (dead body of a human being) - Shelly's corpse was washed ashore.
17. Costume (dress) - Roy was dressed in European costume. Custom (social usage) - The hindus have a custom of burning their dead.
18. Council (Assembly) - Jones is a member of our council. Counsel (advice, lawyer) - James did not accept my counse. We engaged a counset to plead fo us.
19. Continual (unceasing but with occasional breaks) - I suffered from continual attacks of malaria.
Continuous (uninterrupted) - I had continuous sleep for eight hours
20. Credible (worth beleving) - History is not credible. Credulous (apt to believe) - Children are credulous. Creditable (deserving credit) - your work is creditable.
21. Dairy (Milk farm) - I get milk from dairy.

Diary (daily record) - I noted the event in my diary.
22. Decease (death) - He left a will before his decease.

Disease (illness) -His disease was cured.
23. Desirable (acceptable) - such conduct is not desirable.

Desirous (eager) - I am desirous of joining the army.
24. Die- (death) Rama died of cholera.

Dye - (color)The handkerchief was dyed in red colour.
25. Discover (an existing but unknown thing) - Coloumbus discovered America.
Invent (a new thing not existing before) - Davy invented the Safety Lamp for miners
26. Eliclt (draw from) - Our appeal elicited a good reponse. Illicit (unlawful) - They carried on an illicit trade in oplum.
27. Eligible (legally qualified) - He is not eligible for this post. Illegible (indistinct) - His signature is illegible.
28. Emigrant (a person leaving his own country to settle in another) - The ship left with one hundred emugrants for Africa.
Immigrant (a person who comes to a country as permanent resident) - The Ceylonese are not hostile to indian immigrants.
29. Eminent (prominent) - Our teacher is an eminent scholar. Imminent (impending) - He was saved from imminent death.
30. Expedient (Suitable) - This is not an expedient course. Expeditious (Speedy) - We overtook him by hastening our already expeditious steps.
31. Fair (handsome) - Mira is a fair girl.

Fare (to do well or bedly) - Hem fared well in the competition.
32. Gaol (public prison for detention of persons) - He was sent to gaol for stealing.
Goal (end, point) - The tortoise walked steadily to its goal.
33. Gilt (overlaid with gold) - This is a gilt necklace. Guilt (crime) - His guilt was proved in a court.
34. Human (relating to man) - Human life is subject to misery. Humane (Kind) - We received humane treatment in his hands.
Humane (Kind) - We received humane treatment in his hands.
35. Industrial (of an industry) - We started an industrial concern. Industrious (diligent) - John is an industrious lad. 36. Imprudent (unwise) - One imprudent act ruined him. Impudent (shameless) - I hate this impudent fellow.
37. Judicial (relating to a judge or court) - Roy is a judicial officer.

Judicious (discreet, wise) - Tom made a very Judicious choice.
38. Literal (Plain) - Give a literal translation of this passage.

Literary (related to literatrue) - Bose has a lilterary genius.
Literate (knowing the alphabet) - Most of the Indian peasant are not literate.
39. Lose - llost my stick.

Loose (not tight) - I wear loose shoes.
40. Luxuriant (rich in growth) - This is a plant of luxuriant growth. Luxurious (given to luxury) - Students should not be luxurious.


41. Magnate (a rich man) - Mr. John is a business magnate. Magnet (load -stone) - The mariners's compass has a needle of magnet.
42. Mean (middle course) - We followed the golden mean

Mean (meaning) - What do you mean ?
43. Momentary (short -lived) - We acted on a momentary impulse Momentous (important) - Momentous problems were discussed by us.
44. Notable (remarkable) - We made a notable progress in a short time. Notorious (of ill fame) - Harry is a notorious gambler.
45. Official (related to an office) - His official work is not hard. Officious (meddlesome) - The officious fellow was rebuked by me.
46. Patrol (watch) - The disturbed area was under military patrol. Petrol (spirit of petroleum) - The car stopped for want of petrol.
47. Pole (stuck) - He jumped with a pole. Poll (place for taking votes) -Most of the voters went to the poll.
48. Populous (crowded) - Calcutta is a populous city Popular (favorite) - Dickens was popular write.
49. Practise (to do frequently) - John practises skipping Practice (exercise) - I have no practice in bowling.
50. Pricipal (Chief) - He saw the principal streets here. Priniciple (a miximum) - The young man acted against all principles of morality.
51. Precede (to be previous to) - A wire preceded his arrival. Proceed (go on) - Roy proceeded to take his meal. Precedent (a previous parallel case) - Such an occurrence has no Precedent.
52. President (one who presides over or controls an organisation) - He was the President of the managing committee.
53. Prescribe (lay down directions) - Who prescribed this medicine? Proscribe (Prohibit) - This book was proscribed by the government.
54. Quite (completely) -1 am quite tired. Quiet (calm) - The sea is now quiet.
55. - Scent (fragrance) - This oil has a nice scent. Cent (a hundred) - Ten per cent boys were absent.
56. Sensible (reasonable) - He took a sensible view of the matter. Sensitive (irritable) - He was sensitive by nature.
57. Seize (catch) - The constable seized he thief.

Siege (continued attack on a fortified place) - The enemy laid siege to that town.
Cease (stop) - The rain has now ceased.
58. Stationary (fixed) - It was in a stationary condition

Stationery (writing materials) - I have purchased the necessary stationery.
$=$
59. Stlmulus (an incitement) - This bonus proved a great-stimulus to the workers.
Stimulant (a stimulating medicine) - This medicine is a stimulant.
60. Story (tale) - This is a good story

Storey (a set of rooms in the same floor) - We lived in the upper storey.
61. Ultimate (final, last) - what were the ultimate result of your efforts?

Ultimatum (final terms) - The rejection of the ultimatum often leads to hostilities.
62. Urban (of a town or city) - men now overcrowd urbane areas. Urbane (well -bread, polished) - not all urban dwellers are urbane dwellers are urbane.
63. Venal (mercenary) - Was Shylock really a venal soul? Venial (trifling) - We shoud overlook his venial slips or speech.
64. Vain (fruitless) - He made vain efforts to escape. Vein (blood - tube) - The chill seemed tofreee the blood in our veins
65. Verbal (oral) - verbal instructions were issued at once. Verbose (wordy) - His style was verbose.
66. Waive (withdraw) - I waive my claim in your favour. Wave (move) - He waved his hand to draw our attention.


## Proverbs <br> \section*{أمثال وحكم}

إصدقاونا الأعزاء،
 الإنجليزية نستذدم الأمثالل. وفي ذات الوقتّ تصبح لغتنا أفضل، لذا فنحن نعطيكم قائمة بهذه الأمثال، قوموا بالتّكريب على هذه الأمثال جيدا واستخديموها متى التيحت لكم الفرصة.

فيما يلي آدناه قانمة بالأمثال الشبيبة الشنائعة:-

1. A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.
عصفور في اليد خير من اثنين على الشُجر
2. A bad workman quarrels with his tools.

النتاطرة تنزل برجل حمال
3. A figure among cyphers.

وجوده زي عدمـه/ مالوش لازمـة
4. MIght is right.

الثلبة للقوة
5. Rome was not built in a day

الصبر جميل
6. Distance lends enchantment to the view.

البعدد يضفي جوا من الجمال على الروفيا
7. An old dog learns no new tricks.

الكلب التعجوز لا يتعلم الجديد!
8. Where there is a will there is a way.
إذا صدق النزم وضح اللسبيل
9. Strike while the Iron is hot.
الطرة الحديد وهو ساخن
10. If the sky falls we shall catch larks.
مصائب قوم عند قوم فوائده/ انتهز الفرصة بينما هي سانحة
11. As you sow, so shall you reap.

هن جد وجد
12. To kill two birds with one stone.
يضرب عصفورين بحجر واحد
13. While in Rome, do as the Romans do.
في روما افـعل كما يفعل الرومـان
14. It is hard to live in Rome and fight with the Pope.
داره هم مـا دمت في دالر هم
15. He who digs a pit for others falls into it himself.
من حفر حفرة لأخيه وقع فيها
16. It is no use crying over spilt milk.
17. Many hands make the burden light.
18. All that glitters is not gold.
19. Coming events cast their shadows before.
20. A good face needs no palnt.
الوجه البشُوش لا يحتاج إلى زينةّ/ إيش تعمل المـاشطة في الوش العكر
21. Care kills the cat.
22. At length the fox turns monk.

لا فائدة سن الهُم
23. Cut your coat according to your cloth.

بطول الأمد يصبح الثتعلب راهبا
24. Everybody's business is mobody's busines. على قَّ لحافكّ مد رجليك
24. Everybody's business is nobody's business.

مـا حك جلدك مثل ظفرك
25. An empty mind is a devil's workshop.
!بن لم تجد مـا يشغلتك وجد لـك الثشيطان مـا يشغالك
26. Everything looks pale to the jaundiced eye.
27. Barking dogs seldom bite.
كل شبيء يبلو قاتماً في المين اللمصابة بالحسد
28. A rolling stone gathers no moss.

أسمع جعجحة بلا طدن/ من كتر كلامه قل فعله
29. An empty vessel makes much nolse.
ليس للمتردد حظ
30. Christmas comes once a year.
الإتاء الخاوي يحدث صدى اككبر
31. Half a loaf is better than no bread.
استمتع بحياتك قدر الإمكان
32. All covet, all lose.
حمارتك العارجة ولا سوالل اللنيم
الطمع قل مـا جمـع
33. All's well that ends well.
كل شيء جيد إذا انتهي جيدا
34. Birds of the same feather flock together.
الطيور على أشكالها تقع
35. Death's day is doom's day.
| يوم الوفاة هو يوم القيامـة
36. Every dark cloud has a silver lining.
! ان مح العسر يسرا
37. Deep rivers move in silent majesty, shallow brooks are noisy.
ياما تحت اللسواهي دواهي
38. Haste makes waste.

في الـجلة الندامـة
39. Act in haste, repent at leisure.

من سلرع فعله ندب حظه فيما بعد
40. Kindness is lost upon an ungrateful man.
أتقي شلر الحليم إذا غضب
41. Pride goes before a fall.
يذهب الكبرياء قبل السقوط
42. Prevention is better than cure.
الوقاية خير من العلاج
43. Little grief is loud, great grief's are silent.
صغير الحزن يرتفع صداه، كبير الحزن يكون صامتأ
44. To have an old head on young shoulders.
يتمتع بالحكمة رغم صغر سنه
45. To swallow the whole ox and be choked with the tail.
"يا أيها الأين امنوا إذا عمل احدكم عملا ان يتمنه"
46. Money makes the major go.
المال يتحكم في زمام الأمور
47. Necessity knows no law.

الضرورات تبيح المحظورات
48. The nearer the church farther from God.

كلما اققترب مقر العبادة كلما ابتحل العابد من الله
49. It takes two to make a tangle.
هذا العمل يلزمـه اثنين ليقومـا به
50. There is no rose without a thorn.
لأجل الورد ينسقي العليق/ من طلب العلا سهر الليالي
51. Out of the frying pan into the fire.
من حفرة لاخية وقع فية
52. A lie has no legs.
53. Hunger is the best sauce
الكنب ليس له رجلين
-h
الجوع هو أفضل صلصة
54. All your geese are swans
كل الأوز بجع
55. Charity begins at home.

الأقربون أولى بالمعروفـ/ خيركم خيره لأهله
56. See which way the wind blows.

ريثغ حتى تتبين مجرى الأمور
اللبيب بالأشارة يفهم والأحمق بالعصا
58. A low-born man feel proud of his honors.
59. Prosperity finds friends; adversity tries them.
60. An unhappy man's cart is sure to tumble.
61. Adversity is the touchstone of friendship.
62. Fortune favors the brave.
اللوضيع يفتخر بنسببه وحسبه

الرخاء يجد الأصدقاء والمحن تبتليهم
عربة التعيس ستتتُرُ مؤكدا
63. The wearer knows where the shoe pinches.
64. A good name is better than riches.
اللي على راسسه بطدة بيحسس عليها
السمعة الطيبة أفضل بكثير من المال والجاه
65. Too many cooks spoil the broth.
66. You cannot have the cake and eat it too.
المركب اللي لها رنيسين بتغغق
67. Heads I win, tails you lose.

لا يمكن أن يكون لديك كعكة وتاكله أيضا
68. Time is a great healer.

الصورة تفوز والكتابة تخسر
الزمن خير معاليج
69. It is no use casting pearls before swine

لا فاندة من إضاعة اللآليء على الخنازير
70. A blind man is no judge of colors.
71. An open door will tempt a saint.
72. Hope lasts with life
73. I talk of chaff; he hears of cheese.
74. Practice makes a man perfect.
75. First deserve, then desire.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { لا تسأل الأعمى عن الألوان } \\
& \text { الباب المفتوح يغري القديس } \\
& \text { طولة اللعمر تبلغ الانهل } \\
& \text { أنا في وادي وهو في وادي تاني } \\
& \text { الممارسة خير لجـل الجنسـان ماهر| } \\
& \text { لتشتّهي شيناً عليك أن تستحقهd }
\end{aligned}
$$




## Rules <br> القواعد

حتى الآن قد تكون على دراية جيدة بالتحدلث باللفة الانجليزية ومعظم المتعلمين قد يقوموا
 التحدث. وقواعد واحكام تجنب الأخطاء، اللتي قـد تحدث بصفة عامة أثناء التتحدث، مفصلة الـناه يمكنك تعلم هذه الققواعد جيدا ومشاهدة ما إذا كنت تقوم بأي خطا فيها.

1. تستخدم "Is" مع ضمير الغانب he أي هو، و she أي هي، و it أي هو أو هي لغير العاققل" أو مع احرفـ الإشارة this أي هنا للقريب، أو that أي ذلك للبيد He is a boy.

هأ ولا.
That is a bag. تلت حقيبة She is going. هي ذاهبة
2. تستخفم "are" مع المـاطب you أي أنت، أو they هم، أو we أي ندن You are a good girl. انتتِ فتاة طيبة
We are sorry.
نحن آسفين
3. تستخدم كلمة "am" أي أكون مع "ا" اي أنا
lam trying to write better. أنا أحاول ان أكتب أفضل
4. في زمن المضارع، إذا كان الفعل هو فعل يفعل "do"، عندنذ فمل يفعل للغائب "does" تستخدم مع ضمير الغانب هو he، أو هي she ،أو هو أو هي لثغير العاققل it، ويستخدم فعل يفعل "do" مع الضمائر المتبقية

نحن لا نعرفه/ نعرفـها
5 5 تستخدم are ،am ‘ls يكون أيضأ في زمن المضارع المستمر، على سبيل المثال:

They are reading.
6. يستذذم فعل الكينونة "was" و "were" في زمن الماضي البسبط. على سبيل المثالّ: It was good.

كانت جيدة
I was going. أنا كنت زاهب

## They were reading.

كانوا يقراووا
'Was' is used in Singular and 'Were' is used in plural. تستخذم كلمة "was" في صيغة المفرد وكلمة "were" في الجمع
7. للحديث عن أي فعل حركةّ في المستقبل يمكن استخدام "will/ shall" على سبيل المثالل I shall go there. سوف الذهب هناك

Will you come with me?
هلا ستاتي سـي؟
8. لتوضيح الحركة المستمرة في زمن المستقبل تستّذدم صيغة "shall/will" وتستخدم "

- وتضافـ إلى الفعل الرنيسي على سبيل المثال . I shall be going to the market tomorrow.

سوف اذهب إلى السوق غذا.
9.. في زمن المضارع المستمر فإنه مع ضمير الغانب المفرد he أو it أو it او الي ضمير مفرد آخر نستخدم الفعل المساعد "is". ومع ضمير الجمع نستذدم الفعل المساعد. "are" ومع ا أنا نستّخلم "am". عثى سببيل المثال: 1 am going. سوفـ أذهب He is going. إنـ ذاهب
, They are going. إنهم ذاهبون
 يكونوا أو أكون أو سيكون أو سيكونون نستخدم الإضافةّ ing مضافةّ اللى الثمل. على سببيل He is going إنه ذاهب
11. بستخذدم "had" في صيغة المفرد والجمع. على سبيل المثال: He had done his work.

لقد أدن عمله
They had gone to the market. لهّ ذهبا او ذهبوا الىى السوت
12. في زمن المضارع غير المحدد، يضافـ حرف "S" أو "Es" إلى ضمير الغانب "He أو

He plays. إنه يلعب
She does her work.
إنها تقوم بعملها
13. للتعبير عن عادة في زمن الماضي تستخذم "used to" أي كنت أو كان - على سبيل المثنال:
I used to play. كنت اللعب أو اعتدت أن الثعب
14. في بعض الأحيان لكي تمبر عن أي حدث مستقبلي يمكن استخدام زمن المضارع. على سبيل المثّال: I'm going to Qatar tomorrow.

ساذهب إلى قطر غدا
15. عندما يكون الفمل المساعد هو "has/ have"، يكون الفعل الأساسي في صيغة الثالث.

على سبيل المثال:
He has gone to the market. لقـ ذهب إلى السوق
16. عندما يكون الفعل المساعد "has been/ او have been" نستذدم ing ونضيفها إلى الفعل الأساسي وترجمتها "لقد كان" وتتعبل عن الاستمرارية في الحاضر، على سبيل المثال: He has been reading since morning.
|لقد كان يقر| منذ الصباح
17. في حالة إذا كان الفعل المساعد "shall will"، عندنذ. تستخدم الصينة الأولى للفعل الأساسي في المصدر، على سببيل المثال:

They will go. | سيذهبون

18. في حالة إذا كان الفعل المسساعد "shall be will be الو عدندْ يضافـ "ing" إلى الفمل

الرنبيسب، على سبيل المثال:-
He will be playing the match tomorrow. سوفـ يكون مستمر| في لعب المباراة غدا
19. ويصفة عامة في زمن المستتقال، تستخدم كلمة "shall" مـع كلمة "ا". على سبيل

ولكن إن كنت متيقنـ من انكـ ذاهب، قلّ will go ا اي بمعنى "سوف أذهب". ويالمثل، في حالة we shall go"
سوفـ نذهب؛ سيكون التتبير بعبارة "we will go" هو الأفضل عندما نكون متيقنين.
20. في بعض الأحيان باضافة كلمة "to" في اي فعل، فإتها تستخدم كاسم. ويطلق على ها الفعل "مصدرأ". على سبيل المثنال:

To play is good for health. !ن اللثب مفيد جدأ للصحة
21. في بتض الأحيان تستخذلم عبارات كصفات. على سبيل اللمثال: He always has "I will play better" attitude.
إنه لديه اتجاه دائم يقول "سوف ألحب أفضل"
22. بعض الأسماء دلانمطا مـا تستخدم في صيغة المفرد، على سبيل المثال: Furniture, advice, information, scenery etc. Your furniture is good. اتثات، نصيحة، مـلومات، مشاهن ومناظر، وما إلى غير ذلك.
مثال: : أثاثك جيد
23. دانمـا مـا تستخدم كلمة "much" للكمية وكلمة "many" اي عديد للعدد. على سبيل

Don't make much noise? l've many books.
24. ومع كلمة "Die" اي يموت دانمـا تستخدم كلمة حرف "of" وتعني هنا "بسبب". على

سبيل المثّال:
He has died of cholera. لقد توفي/ مـات بسبب الكوليرا
25. لا تستنغدم صيغ المقارنةّ ذات الأفضلية، أو المقارنتة في جمل المقرد، على سبيل المثال "This book is better than that" - is correct "هنا الكتاب أفضل من ذللــ جملة صحيحة "This book is more better than that." "هنا الكتابب أفضل كثيرا من ذلك"
26. تستخلم كلمة Some الي بعض في صيغ اللتوكيد بالإيجاب بينما تستخذام كلمة any أي "اي" في صيغ النفي، على سبيل المثّال: Do you have some fruits? هل لايكي بعض من الفاكهةّه No I have not any. لا، ليس لاي أي منها.
27. ياضافة "ing" إلمى أي فیّل، بيتكون ما يسمى "Gerund" اي اسم الفاعل، وهو مـا سستخدم كاسم. على سبيل المثّال. He plays (play-verb)

Playing is good for health (playing - Gerund) ! إن اللعب مفيد للصحة (كلمة اللعب - اسم فاعل)
28. تستخدم إما كلمة "Elder" او "Eldest" للكُشخاص من ذات العائلة، على سبيل المثال Not only Maria but also Mohammad does his homework ليس فقط ماريا تقوم باداء واجباتها المنزليـة ولكن محمد أيضأ يقوم بذلث

I have an elder brother لاي أخ اككير
بينما تسنتخدم كل من كلمتي "older" أو "oldest" مـع اشُخاص هختافين. على سبيل المثال:-
بينما تسنخذام كل من كلمني "older
29. إن محمد هو اكبر فتى في المستحمرة
لا تستخلم عبارتي نفي في جملة واحدة معا. على سبيل المثّال: She didn't taste none of the sweets. It's wrong, instead
 She tasted none of the sweets ! إما (إنها لم تتّوق ايا من الحلوى بالصيغة أعلاه) She didn't taste any of the sweets. This will be correc إنها لم تتذوق أي من الحلوى "بالصيغة أعلاه" وهنا هو الصحيح

محل كلمة "note"، على سبيل المثال: I met Mohammad In the market but he never saw me. قابلت محمد بالسويرماركت ولكنة لم يرانيا I met Mohammad in the market but he didn't see me. قَابلت محمد في اللسوق ولكنه لم يراني
31. وفي أي مكان آخر تستخلم، نستخلم كلمة "but'" بدلها، على سبيل المثنال:It is nothing else but fatigue. لا شيء أخر وإنما هو التعب
32. تستخدم كلمة "must" للالالةّة على اللزوم والضرورة، على سبيل المـثّال: He must go now علينا أن تذهب الآن
33. يتبع عبارة "not oniy" دانمطا عبارة "but also"، على سبيل اللمتال:
 of the
(جمل
34. قبل أي صوت متحرك (a,e,i,o,u)، نستخدم حرف "an"، وقبل أي أصوات ساكنة

نستخذم حرف "a".
It is an elephant.
إنه فيل
That is a bag.
تلك حقيبة
35. دانمأ ما تقوم الأحوال بتاهاليل الأفعال إلى صيغ الخرى أكثُ ثُراءٌ وتعبيرأ عن المراد قوله، لذا فإنها توضع بعد او في آخر الجمثة، على سبيل المثال:He runs fast.
إنه يجري سريعا
Here fast is adverb. Which is telling us the importance of verb run. هنا نجد ان كلمة "fast" أي بسرعة - حالاً، وهو ما يخبرنا عن مدى أهمية فعل "يجري"
36. بعض الكلمات تثبهd الجمع، ولكن تستّذلم فقط في الاسم المفرد، مثل "physics اي

الفيزياء، وmaths اي الرياضيات" Maths is a good subject.
!بن الرياضيات مـادة شيقة
37. دانمأ مـا يتبع درجة المقارنـة بين الاثثين كلمة" "than"؛ مثل: Dubai is bigger than Sharjah. !بن دبي الكبر من الششارقة.
38. اما مع صيغ درجات المقارنة العظمى دائما ها تستخدم كلمة "the" (ي الـ، على سبيل المثّل:
Himalaya is the highest mountain range !بن اللهمالايا هي أعلى سلسلة جبال في العالم
39. بالنسبة إلى شخصين، نستخدم كلمة "between" اي ابا بين، مثل: Divide this money between Mohammad \& Aslam. ققسم هلا المـال فيما بين محمد واسلام
" 40. أما بالنسبة لأكثر من شُخصين، نستخذلم كلمة" Distribute the sweets among children. قم بتوزيع الحطوى بين الأطفال
41. "personal" فيما تُطط الأوامر والتُليمات والمقترحات، لا تستخذام كلمة Do your work قم العمل You do your work انت تقوم بعملك
42. تستخذد صيغة الـ "do" أي يفعل لحداث أثر في أي جملة. على سبيل المثّال: I know.
أنا أعثم
I do know. إنني اععلم عثم اليقين

## Do go.

فـلتذ
43 بـد كلمة "for" توضع لاحقة" "ing" في الفعل الرنيسي، مثل: للذهاب، أو للعب؛ وما إلى غير ذلـلـ.

44 تضافـ لاحقة "ing" في الفعل الرنيسبي بدل كلمات "after أي بعد أو before أي قبل، أو at the time of في زمن، أو أي في حين أو أثناء أو فيما أو أثناء، start اي بدا، وها إنى غير ذلك. مثال: start eating, before closing etc. يبدأ أل،، أو قبل الإغلاق، وما إلى غير ذلك
45. ما بين شخصين نستخلدم عبارة (each other بعضهها البعض) ويالنسبة لاكثر من شخصين تستخدم عبارة "one another" 'اندهم الآخر، مثّال: Both of them are talking to each other. كلاهما يتحدث عن بعضهما البعض. Children are talking to one another. الأطفال يتحثثن إلى أحدهما الآخر.
46. يوضع الفعل المساعد للجمل الاستفساريةا أو جمل التساوزل في البداية بعد كلمة الاستفسـار

او السؤالل، على سبيل المثال:
Where are you going?
!! إلى أين أنت ذاهب؟
if you come here, I " في بعض الأحميان تظهر جمل شرطية في خلال المحـادثة، مثل "الث/ الو أتيت هنا، سوفـ أزهب هـع
 على إتيانك هنا، وعلى سبيل المثنال:
 "here جواب الشُرط أو المبارة الفرعية. لذا فابنها تشثكلت بالشككل التالئ:-

If you come here, I will go with you.

في تلك الجمل، فابن اللبارة الاولمى في زمن المضارع غير المحدل، والثانية في زمن
المستقبل غير المحدد
48. أما إذا اضطررت أن تقوم بشيء في هنا النوع من الجمل تستخذم عبارة "have to على سبيل المثال: I have to go. لابد أن أذهب/ أرحل
49. تستخدم كلمة "can" للالالة عن الاستطاعة أو اللقّرة، مثّ: I can do it. يمكنتي أن أفلها
50. أما كلمـة "could" فبانها تستخدم في صيغة الماضي لكلمة "can"، على سبيل المثدال:I can do it. أستطـيع أن أفلها I could do it.
كان في إمكاني أن أقوم بها (ولكنني لم أفلـهـا) أو تستخدم هنه الصيغة للتجبير عن القدرة ولكن مـ الثنك فيها
في بعض الأحيان تستخدم كلمة "could" لطلب الإذن ولكن بطريقة مؤدبة ولبقة، مثل: Could I do it? هل يمكنني أن أفتهه؟
51. تستخدم كلمة "may" للدالالة على الاحتمالية. على سبيل المثال:
52. في بعض الأحيان لا يقوم فرد ما بالقيام بعمله، ولكن يامر الآخرين بالتقيام به. في مثل
 I got this letter written by Mohammad. استلمت هناً الخطاب محررا من محمد Or
I had this letter written by Mohammad
أمرت محمد بتحرير هنا الخطاب
للنقطة الجديرة باللذكر هنا هي أنه في مثل هذا النوع من الجمل، تستخدم
صيغة المغانب مـع الفعل الرنيسي.
had this letter written by Moham
53. في بعض الأحيان، يوثثر الفتل بصورة مياشرة على الموضوع. في هثل هذه الجمل فإته


يستخدم "ضمير المنعكس". على سبيل المثال: He killed himself. قتّل نفسه
هنا نجد أن عملية القتل قـ أثرت بصورة مباشُرة عليه، لذا فإنه هنا نجد أن الضمير المنعكس عنه "himself" يسْتخدم. وضمانر هنعكس أخرى هي:

| I | Myself | She | Herself |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| You | Yourself | It | itself |
| They | Themselves | We | Ourselves | 54. في بعض الآحيان لكي تقوم بالتَاكَيل في جملتل، يمكن استنذام ضمانر منعكسة، على

I my self did it
أنا عن نفسي فعلتهـا
55. مـع eeach، أو either، أو neither، دانمـا مـا نستخدم فیل المفرد، مثّال: Each of them is very busy.
كل منهج مشَتون

Either of the two is lying.
!يههما يكنب Neither of them is wrong لا يكنب كلاهمطا
 المفرد. على سبيلٍ الئنَّلّ: None of them is ready لا أحد منـهم جاهز او مستّتد 57. تـبر الجمل التالئيةHe and I are both Ok.
 He and I are going to the market.
 سبيل المثـار:




58. يستخدم فعل "has" أو "have" في زمن المـاضي التام. ومع ضمانر الغانب المفردة " "he, she, it الجمع تستخدم كلمة "have". على سبيل المثّال:

He has lost his pen
لقد فقت تلمهه
They have lost their pen.
لقد فقدوا أقلامهم
59. بعض الأسنلة تحتوي على الأجوبة نفسها. لذلك، ليس علينا أن نفكر في إعطاء أجوبتها المصرحة لنا باللغة الإنجليزية، وإنما علينا أن ننصت جيدا إلى مـا يطلبه منا في اللسؤال، على
$\qquad$ ما اسمك؟
My name is-----
هنا فقّظ يتتين علينا أن نضع اسسمنا ككان "what" تُم نحول الضمير من "ضمير المخاطب"
إلى "ألضمير الأول" "Mohammad" is my name. اسمي "محمد"
60. تستخدم كل من "Like" و "AS" في المقارنات، على سبيل المثال: He works like as workaholic.

إنه مدمن عمل It is as easy as ABC. إنها بسيطة مثل ABC
61. تستخلدم العادات دانمـا في زمن المضارع غير المحدد، أمـا بالنسبة للمادات الماضية تستخدم كلمـة " "used to" مثل: He used to smoke.

اعتاد أن ياخن
62. في حالة الحديث عن أي حالة خيالية يستخلم المـاضي البسيط، على سبيل المثلال:

I wish I were the chief minister. كنت أتمنى أن أكون رنيسن وزراء I wish that you were a king. كنت أتمنى انن تكون ملكا
63. تستخدام كلمة "Going to" عندما تبدأ أي عمل، على سبيل المثّال: l am going to start a new business. سوف أبـأ نشاطا جديدا من الأعمال
64. تستخلم كلمة "I wish" عند الدعاء والصلاة، على سبيل المنال

I wish you may prosper انتمنى من الله أن يسبغ عليكم من نعمه I wish you prosper. " أتمنى لكم الرخاء 65. تستخدم كلمة "ought to" لتشئير إلى الإلزام المصنوي، مثل: We ought to obey our elders. علينا أن نطيع الأكبر منا 66. تستخذم كلمة "should" ليقصد بها الالزام - مثل: عليك أن تذهب الآن
67. بـد "to" استخدم دانمـا أول شكل من الفعل وهو المصدر، على سبيل المثّال: I want to go. اريد أن أذهب


VOCABULARY
محادئة
BUSINESS اعمصال

| Translation ترجمة | Word كمّة | Pronunciation النطقّ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| اللتضخم | Inflation | انفليشن |
| فاتورة بحد تاريخ الاستحقاق | After date bill | افتر ديت بيل |
| إرسال خطلباب | Forwarding letter | فورواردنجّ ليتر |
| طلب مقام | Call in advance | كول إن ادفانس |
| حسابات مقدمة | Advance accounts | ادفانس اككاونتز |
| رأس مال ثابت | Fixed capital | فيكسد كابيتّال |
| شيك غير مسطر | Open cheque | اوبن شبك |
| اللقدرة على الدفى | Paying capacity | بييزنج كباستي |
| خطاب تفويض | Letter of authorization | ليبر اوف اولورايزاشن |
| رأسمال مرخص بالـه | Authorized capital | اوصور ايزد كابيتالل |
| نقود خاصنة بالعمل | Occupation money | اوكيوبيّن ماني |
| غير محقق | Unearned | أن إيرند |
| احتياطي إلجباري | Compulsory reserve | كرمبالنوري ريزيرف |
| تظهير | Endorsement | اندورسمنت |
| عملة مصدق عليهها | Approved Currency | البروفو كارنسي |
| دين معدوم | Bad debt | باد ديت |
| حساب دين مثّكوك فيه | Bad debt account | باد ديت اككاونت |
| القتصـاد | Economy | ايكونومي |
| اللتزام قصير الأجل | Short term credit | شورت تيرم كريدت |
| فرض عند | Demand loan | ديماند لون |
| سـر الفاندة على القروض قَصبرة الأجل | Call rate | كول ربت |
| صافي اللدخل | Net Income | نيت انكوم |
| دين قَصير الأجل بدون فاندة | Floating debt | فلونتج ديت |
| شيك لأمره | Order cheque | اوردر شيك |
| إتماد دعما | Emergency credit | ايمرجنسي كريديت |
| دخل | Income | انكوم |
| حساب مبلني | initial account | النيشبلا اكاونت |
| وديعة متواترة | Recurring deposit | ريكرنج ديبوزيت |
| بنك صناعي | Industrial bank | انداسنريال بالجانك. |
| متوسط | Average | افريدج |


| معدل متوسط | Average rate | افريدج ريت |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| مسافة متوسطة | Average distance | افريدج ديستانس |
| مند تحصيل | Bill of collection | بيل اوف اكاونت |
| دين معلق | Suspended debt | ساسبنديد ديت |
| شيلك بعد تاريخ الأسنحقاقِ | Postdated cheque | بوست ديلّ شيك |
| وديعة التمانية | Credit deposit | كريديت ديبوزت |
| خطاب اعنماد | Letter of credit | لبيتر اوف كريديت |
| بيع بالإبل | Sale on credit | سيل اون كريديت |
| حساب داتن | Credit account | كريديت اكارنت |
| د1 | Credit | كريديت |
| S | Consumer | كونسيومر |
| \| | Consumer's good | كونسيومرز جود |
| مسودة | Rough day-book | راف دابي بوك |
| أدنى سـر | Bottom price | بونوّوم برايسِ |
| ربح | Earning | ايرننج |
| تُويم | Floatation | فلوتيشن |
| \|رمبيد القرض | Loan balance | ل |
| \| مدينون اللقرضنرضنرض| | Debtors for loan | ديتورز فور لون |
| \|دانتون للقرض | Creditors for loan | كريدتورز فور لون |
| هوظف | Employee | امبلويي |
| مقياس ورقّي | Paper scale | بيبر سكيل |
| عملة ورِّية | Paper Currency | بيبر كارنسي |
| مصنع | Factory | فاكتوري |
| وظيفة | Job | جوب |
|  | Working capital | ووركنج كابيتال |
| قرض المدة محدودة | Time Money | تايحم مانيّ |
| سمر | Price | برايس |
| قانيّة الأسعار | Price list | برايس ليست |
| ! | Gross earning | جروس ايرننج |
| إجمالي الخسارة | Gross loss | جروس لوس |
| تظهير على بياض | Blank endorsement | بلانك |
| صرافـ/ إمين صندوق | Cashier | كاثشيري |
| اعتماد داثمر | Standing credit | ستاندج كريدت |
| اعتماد احتياطي | Standing Credit | سانتاندج كريدت |
| كمبيالة مستحقّة لم تدفى | Overdue bill | \|اوفرديو بيل |


| قائمة المصروفات | Bill of costs | بيل اوف كوستز |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| دانّنو للمصروفات | Creditors for expenses | كريديتورز فور اكسبنسز |
| دفنّر الدانتون | Credit book | كريديت بوك |
| ودبية دفتريبة | Book deposit | بوك ديبوزيت بويت |
| دين دفتري | Book debt | بوك ديت |
| صـافي الدخل | Net income | نيت انكورم |
| دفتّر المصروفات النثرية | Petty cash book | ببتي كايثل بوك |
| شيك على بياض | Blank cheque | بلإنك شيك |
| تنسليم مفنوح (اللّلم) | Open delivery (of goods) | جاوبن ديليفاري اوف |
| دفتر أستاذ مفكك الأوراقِ | Loose leaf ledger | لوس ليف ليدجار |
| كميبالة مفقودة | Lost bill of exchange | لُوست بيل اون <br> اكسبتجينج |
| عميل | Customer | كاستومار |
| دقنتر أستّاذ للمبيعات | Sales ledger | سيلز ليدجار |
| حسابِ التميل | Customer's account | كاستومارز اكاونت |
| تذبذب | Fluctuation | فلاكتو اشن |
| اعتماد دوار | Revolving credit | ريفولفنج كريديت |
| تكلفة عانمـ | Floating charge | فلو تنتج تثّارج |
| اعتماد جاري | Running credit | راننج كريدت |
| ورضن جاري | Current loan | كارنت لون |
| وديعة جارية | Current deposit | كارنت كيبونيت |
| حسابب جاري | Current account | كارنت اكاونت |
| محاسب قانوني | Chartered accountant |  |
| كمبيالة مدفو عة | Discharged bill | دستّغّارجد بيل |
| دين ديفوع | Discharged loan | تسنتشا |
| وديعة بشبك | Cheque deposit | تشيكا ديبوزت |
| إبراضن | Crediting | كريدتنج |
| دفتنر شيكات | Paying in book | بيين ان بوك |
| اتنتر اض | Crediting | كربدتجنج |
| سند ضمان | Bill as security | بيل از سيكيورتي |
| قفّبيمة دفّ | Pay in slip | بيبي ان سليب |
| إشعار إضافة | Credit note | كريدت نوت |
| مصرفه إيداع | Bank of deposit | بنك اوف ديبوزيت |
| نقود هصرفية | Deposit currency | ديبوزيت كارنسيني |
| مبلغ الوديدبة. | Deposit amount | ديبوزيت املاونت |

English Guru - GO

| سجل الإيداع | Deposit register | ديبيزيت ريجستر |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| حسابب الإيداع | Deposit account | دييوزيت اكاونت |
| ورقة بانكنوت مزورة | Forged note | فوزج |
| شرط عدم الضمان | Risk note | ريسك |
| تكافؤ نظر ي: بين ستر العملات والقيمة المعدنية لها | Mint par | مينت بار |
| تحويل دفتري | Book transfer | بوك ترانسفير |
| الإهها | Wear and tear | وبير اند |
| دين معلوم | Bad debt | باد ديت |
| طلب انتمان نودي | Demand cash credit | ديماند كاشر كريديت |
| سوقّ الجملة | Wholesale market | هولنسيل ماركيت |
| فالتورة تدفع هند الاططع | Bill payable at sight | بيل ببييول ات سايت |
| سعر صرف اللشيكات | Cheque rate | شيك ريت |
| فاتورة تدفع بعد الاططلع | Bill payable after sight | بيل بيبال القنر سايت |
| \|المبلغ المطلوب | Claimed amount | كليمد اماونت |
| م | Bankrupt | بانكرابت |
| محل | Shop | شوب |
| عملة صمبة | Hard currency | هارد كارنسي |
| عدم توافر اللمال | Tight money | تايت مانيّ |
| \|النفتات | Charges | نتارجز |
| الالكمبيالة واجبة السداد | Bill payable | بيل بيابول |
| شبكك مصرفي واجب | Payable bank draft | بيابول بنك در بافت |
| بنك وطني | Indigenous bank | \| انديجيناس بنك |
| سحب | Draft | درافت |
| نقد | Cash | كاتٌ |
| قرض نقاعي | Cash credit | كانّ كريديت |
| إيداع نتوي | Cash deposit | كاثن ديبوزيت كريت |
| \|دفع نتدي | Cash payment | كالش بيمينت |
| \| مذكرة نتدية | Cash memo | كاثّ ميهو |
| خصم نتوي | Cash discount | كاشِ ديبكاونت |
| قيمة نتدبة | Cash value | كاثل فاليو |
| سلفـة نقدية | Cash imprest | كاش امبرست |
| سلفة نقدية | Cash imprest | كاثن امبرست |
| أمر توريد مع الالسداد نقّا | Cash order | كاش اوردار |
| حمّابـب مدين | Debit account | كاش اكاونت |
| رصيند مدين | Debit balance | كاش بالانس |

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English Guru-GO

| نسبة بنكية | Bank rate | كاشّ ريت |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| تلاعب في اللسبة البنكية | Manipulation of bank rate |  |
| عمولات بنكية | Bank charge | بنك شارج |
| نتود بنكية | Bank cash | بنك كاش |
| حساب بنكي | Bank account | بنك |
| طلب بنكى | Bank calll | ب بنك كول |
| هيكل مصرفي | Banking structure | بانكنج |
| دين مصرفي | Banking debt | بنكنج |
| اوراق مالية مصرفيّة | Banker's security | بنكارز سيكيوريتي |
| شريك | Partner | بارتنر |
| اللسوق المنشأة | Firm market | فيرم ماركت |
| ميل للاتجاه للنزول | Bearish tendency | بيريش |
| محكم | Arbitrator | الربيتريتور |
| سووّ | Market | ماركت |
| طلب | Demand | ديماند |
| قرض عند الطلب | Demand loan | ديماند لون |
| \| سحب بالاطلع | Demand draft | ديماند ريافت |
|  | Demand note, indent | ديمانت نوت اندنت |
| ! | Call notice | كول نوتيس |
| \| سداد للوفاء بالمبلغ | Payment for honour | بيمنت فور اونار |
| س | Goods | جودز |
| شُ | Freight | فرايت |
| حد الأسهم | Stock limit | ستوك ليميت |
| دفتر البضانع الانقىى | Goods cash book | جودز كاشّ بوك |
| حساب الأسهم | Stock account | متوك اكاونت |
| صصاحب الحمل | Employer | ايمبلوير |
| هرض | Terminable loan | تيرمنابول لون |
| إيداع ثابت | Fixed deposit | فيكسند ديبوزيت |
|  | Joint stock bank | جوينت ستوك بانك |
| تووضن | Compensation | كومبنسيشان |
| الالتورَحَّاقَ هدفوعة بعد تاريخ | Bill payable after date | بيل بيابول افتر ديت |
| عملة، نقود | Currency, money | كارنسكي ماني |
| انكماشل العملة | Deflation of currency | ديفليشن اوف كارنـ |
| ضريبة الامنة | Stamp duty | ستار ديوتي |
| تحويل النّود | Currency transfer | كارنسيكي تر انسفير |

English Guru-GO

| مدفوعات سنوية | Annual pay | انو |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| صصافي الربح السنوي | Annual net profit | انوال نيت بروفت |
| نظام الإل السنوي | Annuity system | \|انيوتي سيستيم |
| حساب المبيعات | Sales account | سيلز اكاونت |
| ننقات التنمية | Development expenses | ديفلوبمنت اكبينسز |
| النشّنون المالئية لمندوبى المبيعات | Salesman Financē | سيلزمان فاينانس |
| التزام ماليم | Financial obligation | فاينانشيال إلبجانجانـ |
| غرامة مالية | Financial penalty | فاينانشيال بينالتي |
| ممول | Financer | فاينانسيار |
| بنك | Financial bank | فاينانثياليال بانكّ |
| شريك مول | Financing partner | فاينانشنج بارتنار |
| اللتزام مالي | Financial liability | فاينانيال ليابيليتي |
| رقابة مالية | Financial control | فالينانشيال كونترون |
| بإدارة مالية | Financial management | فابنانشيالن مانجمنت |
| تقرير ماللي | Financial reporting | فاينانشّيال ريبور تنج |
| صنقّة | Financial transaction |  |
| سنة مالية | Financial year | فاينانتشيال يير |
| القانمة المالية | Financial statement | فاينانثّبال ستيّتمنت |
| مشورة مالية | Financial advice | فاينانشيال ادفايس |
| مذكرة مالية | Financial memorandum | فاينانشيال ميمور اندام |
| رقابة الصرف | Exchange contro! | اكهابينج كونترول\| |
| خطاب تبادل | Letter of exchange | ليتار اوف اكسبجينج |
| \|بنك | Exchange bank | \| اكهيبينج بانك |
| عملية النصنيّ | Manufacturing process | مانيفاكتشارينج بروسيس |
| رسم نوعي | Specific duty | سبييّيفيكى ديوتي |
| اجر | Pay | بيب |
| مدة السريان | Validity period | فالبديّي بيريود |
| سعر خالص الرسوم | Duty paid price | ديوتي بيد بر ايس |
| سلع خاضـهة للرسوم | Dutiable goods | ديوتيابول جودز |
| سوق الأسهم | Stock exchange | ستوك, اكستشبينج |
| رأسمال منتج | Active capital | اكتف كابيبتال |
| احتياطي استهالكا الدين العام | Consolidated fund | كونـوليلياتد فاند |
| تصفية التحويل النقي | Cash transfer clearing | كاش تر انسفير كليرنج |
| حساب مشنترك | Joint account | جوينت اكهاونت |
| مستحقّ إلى | Payable to self | بيبيال تو سيلف |

English Guru - GO

| حساب عام | Public account | بابلك اكاونت |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| اعتماد عام | Public credit | بابلك كريدت |
| تبالدل اللسبيكة | Bullion exchange | بوليون اكستجينج |
| الحسابات المحتمدة | Accounts stated | اكاونتز ستيتد |
| مصرف تعاوني | Cooperative bank | كو عبير انف بنك |
| خطاب مورافقة | Letter of consent | ليتار اوفـ كونسنت |
| ترض منّروط | Tied loan | تايد لون |
| مساعد المحاسب\% | Assistant accountant | السيستانت اكاونتانتا |
| سند | Bill of credit | بيل اوفـ كريدت |
| مقرض المال | Money lender | ماني ليندار |
| حساب مقبول | Goodwill account | جودويل اكاونت |
| خسارة | Loss | لوس |
| إغلاق الحساب | Closing of account | كلوزنج اوف اكاونت |
| فاتور | Bill | بيل |
| استرداد الفاتورة | Retirement of bill | ريتارمنت اوف بيل |
| \|تسدبد الفاتورة | Clearing a bill | كليرنج أيلي بيل |
| دفهتر الفاتورة | Bill journal | بيل جورنّالن |
|  | Claim for compensation | كليم فور كومبنبيشان |
| قرض | Loan | لون |
| \|حـاب مدين | Debt account | ديت اكاونت |

STATIONERY القرطاسية

| Translation ترجمة | Word | Pronunciation لالنطق |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| وروَ شَفافـ | Tracing paper | تريسنج بيبر |
| جريدة | Newspaper | نيوسبيبار |
| دولاب | Almirah | المير\| |
| الخ الخمة (الثشيك أو الإيصشال | Counterfoil | كاونترفيت |
| مقعد مريّ | Easy chair | ايزي تنـيري |
| دبوس | Pinrtr | بين |
| وسادة الدبابيس | Pin cushion | بين كوشان |
| فقلم | Pen | بين |
| ورق | Paper | بيبار |
| فاططعة ورق | Paper cutter | بيبار كاتر |
| \|تقالة الورق | Paper weight | بيبر ويت |
| \|فلين | Cork | كورك |

English Guru - GO

| بطاقة زيارة | Visiting card | فيسينج كارد |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| مجلة شُهرية | Monthly Magazine | مانثلي ماجازين |
| ختّ | Seal | سيل |
| قماش شفاف | Tracing cloth | تريسنج كلوث |
| مكحاة | Eraser | اريزار |
| ختّ من المطا | Rubber stamp | رابر ستام |
| سلة مههلات | Waste paper basket | وست بيير باسكت |
| قيد استنلام | Receipt book | رينيت بوك |
| مسیرة | Ruler | رولار |
| حبر | Ink | ك |
| مختمة حبر | Ink pad | انك باد |
| ورق تَبينّة | Packing paper | باكنج بيبر |
| شمع أحمر | Sealing wax | سيلنج |
| وسادة ورقية | Writing pad | رايتنج باد |
| مظروف | Envelope | انفيلوب |
| صمغ | Glue | جلو |
| ورقَة بيضاء | Blank paper | بلانك بيبر |
| صححيفة أسبو بيا | Weekly paper | ويكلي بيبر |
| ورق نثناف | Blotting paper | بلوتنج بيبر |
| حامل ورق | Holder | هولدار |

WORMS \& INSECTS الديدان و الحشرات

| Translation ترجمــ0\| | Word | Pronunciation النط |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| أفتي البواء | Boa | بو |
| س | Turtle | تِّيرتل |
| دودة الأرضن | Earthworm | ايرثؤورم |
| كابوريا | Сгab | كراب |
| بقا | Bug | باب |
| ح ح | Adder | إدر |
| خ خi | Beetle | بيبل |
| حلزون | Snail | س |
| قمل | Body lice | بادبي لإيس |
| سحلِّة | Lizard | لبِّرإرد |
| س | Poison | بويزون |
| أنياب | Fangs | فانجز |
| سراج | Glowworm | جلوورم |
|  | Lice | لإيس |
| \% | Leech |  |
|  | Cricket | كريكيت |
| \|فرقّع | ass hopper | جراس هوبر |

English Guru - GO

| جرادة | Locust | لوكاست |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| دبر | Wasp | واسب |
| فراشة | Butterfly | باترّ |
| فرس النهر | Hippopotamus | هيبوبوناهوس |
| الكنمل الأبيض | Termite - | تيرمايت |
| كوبر | Cobra | كوبر |
| برغوث | Flea | فلّ |
| داخوانو | Hood | هود |
| عقرب | Scorpion | سكوربيون |
| ذبابة | Fly | فلا |
| - | Spider | سبايدر |
| شبكة | Web | ويب |
| تمساحك | Crocodile | كروكودايل |
| بكوضة | Mosquito | هوسكيتّ |
| سمك | Fish | فيش |
| نحل الـعل | Honey bee | هاني بي |
| نحل | Bee | ب |
| قريس | Lobster | لوبستر |
| بر غوث الجرذان | Rat flea | رات |
| ضفندعة | Frog | فروج |
| فر | Tadpole | تادبول |
| شرنقّة | Cocoon | كوكون |
| دود القز | Silk - worm | س |
| بيضة الْقمل | Nit | نيت |
| ثتبان البحر | Eel | ابيل |
| قَّرش | Shark | شارك |
| ثُعبان | Snake | سنيك |
| محـ冖ر | Oyster | اوِيِّتار |

الطيور BIRDS

| Translation | Word كلمة | Pronunciation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| طـنـر السنونو | Swallow | سوالثو |
| بومة | Owl | اول |
| نقار الخشّب | Woodpecker | وودبيكر |
| حمامة | Pigeon | بيجون |
| غراب أنسود | Raven | رأف) |
| الوقراقو | Cuckoo | كوكو |
| غراب | Crow | كرو |
| صقر | Eagle | ايجل |
| نسر | Vulture | فالتّار |
| اللحصفور الدوري | Sparrow | سبارو |
| وطو | Bat | بات |
| الحدأة | Kite | كايت |
| كتكاكيّ | Chicken | تشيكن |
| اللحجل | Partridge | بارنتريدج |
| ببناء | Parrot | باروت |

English Guru - GO

| ال-2قتق | Magpie | ماجباي |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| جناح | Wing | وينج |
| ريثة | Feather | فيزر |
| يمامة | Dove | دوف |
| علجوم (ذكر البط) | Drake | دريك |
| بطة صغيرة | Duckling | داكلنج |
| بطة أنثى | Duck | داك |
| العندليب | Nightingale | نايتنجيل |
| الحابك | Weaver bird | ويفر بيرد |
| سمان | Quail | كويل |
| باز | Hawk | هوك |
| ديك | Cock | كوك |
| دجاجة | Hen | هين |
| كتاكيت | Chicken | تتئيكن |
| طاووس ذكر | Peacock | بيكوك |
| أنتيّى الططاووس | Peahen | بيهين |
| قبرة | Lark | لارك |
| كركي | Crane | كرين |
| بجعة | Swan | سوان |

MINERALS

| Translation | Word كلمة | ترّ Translation | Word |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| عقيق أحمر | Cornellan. | صلب | Steel |
| بلق | Mica | زنبق | Mercury |
| برونز | Bronze | نحاس أصفر | Brass |
| فلز الإجر اسن | Bell-metal. | صنيه | Tin |
| الطاقة | Enery | القير | Bitumen |
| فحم | Coal | أنَّبمون | Antimony |
| جير | Chalk | زرنيخ | Arsenic |
| هنجم | Mine | ديناتّنون | Natron |
| كبريت | Sulpher | زنجفر | Cinnabar |
| مغرة الحديد | Ochre | رصصنص | Lead |
| جرانيت | Flint | رصصاصن أبيض | White lead |
| فضّة | Silver | سليقون | Vermilion |
| زنك | Zinc | رخام | Marble |
| نحاس | Copper | حديد | Iron |
| كبريتات النحانس | Blue vitriol | \| اوربدنت | Orpiment. |

الآت موسيقية MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

| Translation | Word | Translation | Word كلمة |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ناقوس | Bell | بيانو | Piano |
| فيثارة | Harp | نايك | Flute |
| الصنج | Cymbal | كمان | Violin |
| الرق | Tambourine | ثربة | Bagpipe |
| طبلة | Drum | قيثّارة اليهود | Jew's harp |
| طبلة صغيرة طويلة تدق باليد | Tomtom | بوق | Clarion |
|  |  | جيتار | Guitar |
| بوق | Bugle | صفارة | Whistle |
| طبلة | Drum | القّدمية | Harmonium |

CONDITIONS OF THE BODY AND AILMENTS
مجمو عةّ من الثشنروط والأمراض

| Translation | Word | Translation | Word |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| قيلة مانية | Hydrocele | براز | Stool |
| اعمي | Blind | ضنز | Lock jaw |
| قصر النظر | Short sight | فوباء | Ringworm |
| حموضن | Acidity | نحيف | Lean |
| إبهال | Diarrhoea | طول نظر | Long-sight |
| اللزهري | Syphilis | وثّ | Sprain |
| الرهد | Conjunctivitis | جبيب | Sinus |
| فتّق | Hernia | نوم | Sleep |
| دموع | Tears | الرق | Insomnia |
| تُثاؤب | Yawn | حصوة | Stone |
| غثيان | Nausea | عرق | Sweat |
| أحول | Souint-eyed | مجنون | Mad |
| دبل | Bubo |  | Insanity |
| دراق | Goitre | الصفراه | Bile |
| قامة | Stature | السوفوس | Pus |
| بلغ | Phlegm | دزنتناريا | Dysentery |
| ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | Vomit | لوكورية | Leucorrhoea |
| يرقان | Jaundice | U | Thirst |
| تيفود | Typhus | يغلي | Boil |
| الالتهاب الثشب | Bronchitis | بلغ | Phlegm |
| الموانية | Bronchitis | بوانير | Piles |
| أنمور | One eyed | السكر | Diabetes |

English Guru - GO

| أحدب | Hunchbacked | دبل | Bubo |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| جذام | Leprosy | مسن | Old |
| ! | Constipation | حمى | Fever |
| ديدان | Worms | الشخرث | Chilbaain |
| ! | Eczema | قزم | Dwarf |
| سعال | Cough | ناسور | Fistula |
| أنيميا | Anaemia | جو | Hunger |
| نزيف | Haemorrhage | عسر هضم | Dyspepsia |
| روماتِّنجم | Rheumatism | \| | Griping |
| إجهاض | Abortion | جبنين كاذب | Mole |
| زهري | Syphilis | وباء | Pestilence |
|  | Whitlow | صرع | Epilepsy |
| بحة | Hoarseness | بول | Urine |
| ورم | Tumour | شٌ | Fat |
| ورم | Tumour | اللماء الأزرق | Cataract |
| أبكم | Dumb | \| انفلوانز | Influenza |
| cin | Bald | حب الثباب | Acne |
| جرح | Wound | شلل | Paralysis |
| دوذة | Giddiness | لعاب | Saliva |
| إخر | Botch | براز | Stool |
| بدانة | Obesity | سل | Phthisis |
| جرح | Hurt | مرض | Disease |
| Whe | Sneeze | أعرج | Lame |
| فصير | Short | ضنا | Dengue |
|  | Dropsy | طويل | Tall |
| شاب | Young | ضربابة شا | Sunstroke |
| دمل كبير | Carbuncle | جدري | Small pox |
| زكامٌ | Coryza | \|برص | Leucoderma |
| فثشبريرة | Ague | يتنفّس | Breath |
| تثأوب | Yawn | التفاخ | Swelling |
| حمى | Fever | أمهوّ | Albino |
| قتُّا | Chill | سيلان | Gonorrhoea |
| تجشو | Belch | ذرب | Sprue |
| بثرة | Pimple | صوت | Voice |
| صحة | Health | يتّتع بصدة جبيبة | Healthy |
| بصاق | Spittle | فواق | Hiccough |
| ربو | Asthma | كولير | Cholera |
| ألم | Pain | س | Consumption |
| ص | Headache | جرثّومة | Germ |

TREES AND THEIR PARTS الأشجار واجزانها

| Translation ترجمة | Word كلمة | Translation ترجمة | Word |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| جوافة | Guava | مجداف | Oar |
| مانجو | Mango | صمولة | Nut |
| تمر هندي | Tamarind | ميزان | Balance |
| نبّة مطعمة | Graft | مشرط | Lancet |
| برعم | Bud | سنان الحداد | Anvil |
| خشّب | Wood | دفة | Rudder |
| شوك | Thorn | فرجار | Divider |
| حصى | Stone | مدراث | Plough |
| صمغ | Gum | ميزان الماء | Spirit level |
| صنوبرة | Pine | كبشّ | Clamp |
| لحاء | Bark | حقنة | Syringe |
| 9\% | Skin, Rind | رتاج | Bolt |
| ليفـ هندي | Coir | ك | Screw driver |
| جذر | Root | مربط | Cleat |
| اللسداة | Stamen | جاروف | Spade |
| كبريت | Match | قالب الأحذية | Last |
| صكابون | Soap | سكة المحراث | Colter |
| س | Chain | فصبة نفخ لإذكاء |  |
| تابوت | Casket |  | Blowpipe |
| إبريق | Ptcher, Jug | منجّب النجار | Auger |
| إيرة | Needle | متقاب | Drill |
| كماثنة | Pincers | قُوم | Adze |
| نارجيلة | Hubble bubble | زاوية الصبّ | Fishing angle |
| أدوات | Tools | الجزل | Stock and dies |
| منشار | Saw | ملز مـر | Vice |
| نون | Loom | s | Still |
| مالج | Trowel | منفانِ | Bellows |
| بوصلة | Compass | بيتّة | Mallet |
| فأس | Axe | فارة لقفط الخشب. | Jack plane |
| متصن | Scissors | ازميل | Chiset |
| معصرة زيت | Oil Mill | مبرد | File |
| \|منزل | Sugar Mill | رافحة | Lever. |

English Guru - GO

| محدد القياس | Marking gauge | غلب | Anchor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| زاورية الاختبار | Trying angle | ع | Jemmy |
| مقياس | Gauge | حجر الشخذ | Hone |
| مثشخذ | Strop | ثقلل الفادن | Plumbline |
| مبرد | Rasp | مفتاح ربط | Spanner |
| موس | Razor | شُاكوش | Hammer |
| ازميل | Cold chiset | مدراث | Plough |
| الزميل | Cold chiest | خرّطوم | Plough-share |
| مـقّابك | Awl |  | Hand vice |

n

BUILDINGS AND THEIR PARTS المبانیى واجزانها

| Translation ترجمـ | Word كلمـة | Translation ترجمة | Word |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| اللـ | Attic | قبة | Cupola |
| دار الأيتام | Orphanage | كورنيش | Corbel |
| الكوة | Niche | منصة | Platform |
| مدفأة | Fireplace | بالوعة | Cesspool |
| الم. | Hospital | اللقفص | Aviary |
| فناء | Courtyard | الجير | Lime |
| مرزابِ | Eaves | إطار البابر | Door frame |
| بناء | Building | قضيب | Bar |
| قرميد | Brick | سقف | Roof |
| حجرة | Room | سقيفة | Shed |
| مسلخ | Abattoir | المشبك | Lattice |
| المصنع | Factory | اللسلسلة | Chain |
| ¢ | Cornice | خو | Cottage |
| القلعة | Fort | سياج | Railing |
| شريحة | Bracket | درجة السلم | Step |
| با | Tile | ردههة | Ante chamber |
| مخزن القهحح | Grannary | صومكة | Cell |
| نافذة | Window | بابب | Door |
| شُماعة | Peg | صني | Healthy |
| طوابق | Storey | زغ | Hiccup |
| الكنيسة | Church | كولير | Cholera |
|  |  | سل | Consumption |

الكامات معكوسة المعنى（ANTOYMS OR WORDS OF OPPOSITE MEANING）

| Words |  |  | Opposite |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Words كلمة | Pronunciation النططق | Meaning كلمـة | Words كلمة | Pronunciation النطة | Meaning كلمّة |
| Ability | البيلئيتي | قّارة | inability | انابيلإيتي | عجز |
| Happy | هابيب | سعيد | unhappy | انهابيا | تـيس |
| Import | ايمبورت | يستورد | export | اكتبورت | يصر |
| Interior | ابيتريور | داخلي | exterior | اكاكتيّبريور | خارجي |
| Include | اينكا | يشّل | exclude | اكنكا | بیتبتبد |
| Junior | جونيور | جديد | senior | سينيور | قديم |
| Majority | ماجوريتي | أغلبية | minority | ماينوريتي | أقلية |
| Optimist | اوبيّيميبت | متفانل | pessimist |  | منتُّائمٌ |
| Superior | سوبيريور | أعلى | inferior | انفيريور | أدنى |
| Above | اباف | فوق | below | بيلو | تحت |
| Accept | اكسبّ | يقبل | refuse | ريفيووز | يرفض |
| Ancient |  | قويم | modern | هوديرن | حديث |
| Agree | الجريي | ينّفّ | differ | ديفر | يختف |
| Alive | الايف | ح | dead | ديد | ميت |
| Admire | ادماير | يعجب） | despise | دبيسبايس | يزدري |
| Barren | بارين | مفقر | fertile | فيرتيبل | مثُمر |
| Big | بيبّ | كبير | small | سمول | صنير |
| Blunt | بلإنت | تلا | sharp | شارب | حاد |
| Bold | بولد | جرى | timid | تيميد | جبان |
| Bright | برايت | لإمع | dim | ديم | قآتم |
| Broad | برود | عريض | narrow | نارو | ضبق |
| Civilised | سيفيلايزد | متحضر | savage／barbaric | ساففج ج بارباريك | ها |
| Care | كير | يتاتنّ | neglect | نيجليجت | 1880 |
| Clean | كلين | نظّف | dirty | ديرتي | متصنح |
| Confess | كونفون | يعترف | deny | ديناير | ينكر |
| Cool | كول | بارد | warm | وورم | دإفئ |
| Cruel | كرول | قالسيك | merciful／kind | مرسبفول كايند | رديم |
| Domestic | دومسرونك | أليف | wild | وايلد | بري |
| Difficult | ديفيكالت | صعب | easy | إيزي | س |
| Danger | دينجار | خطورة | safety | سيف： | سلامة |
| Dark | دارك | مكّلم | bright | برايت | مض： |
| Death | ديث | هونـ | birth | بيرث | ميلاد |
| Debit | ديّت | هدين | credit | كريديت | دانّ |
| Early | ايرلي | مبكر | late | ليت | متاخر |
| Earn | ايرن | يكنب | spend | سبیبند | ينفّ |
| Empty | ابيتي | خالي | full | فول | ممتلّي |
| Enjoy | اينجوي | بتمبتّ | suffer | سافر | يحاني |
| Freedom | فريدوم | حرية | slavery | سليفاري | عبوبيبة |
| Fierce | فبيرس | شرس | gentle | جينتل | 年 |
| False | فولسن | خ | true | ترو | صواب |


| Words |  |  | Opposite |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Words كلمة | Pronunciation النططق | Meaning | Words كلمة | Pronunciation النطّق | $\begin{gathered} \text { Meaning } \\ \text { كلمة } \end{gathered}$ |
| Fat | فات | بدين | thin | － | نحيف |
| Fine | فاين | نا | coarse | كورس | خشن |
| Foolish | فوليشّ | ا | wise | وايز383 | حكـ |
| Fresh | فريش | ط | stale | ستيلّ | انتوتّ صناحيتّه |
| Fear | فير | خوف | courage | كاريدج | －شجّ |
| Guilty | جيلت | مذنبـ | innocent | إنسّت | برى |
| Gain | جين | يكسبن | loss | － | خسارة |
| Good | جود | ج | bad | باد | سئ |
| Guide | جايد | برشّ | misguide | ميسجايد | يضلا |
| Handsome |  | وسبيّ． | ugly | اجل | دمب\％ |
| High | هاهي | عالّي | low | لوو | منخفضّ |
| Humble | هاه | متواضح | proud／arrogant． | براود اروجانتا | مغزور |
| Honour | اونار | شُرف | dishonour | دبيباونار | عار |
| Joy | جوي | فرح | sorrow | سورو | أكّ |
| Kind | كابيند | 号 | cruel | كرول | قانسي |
| Lie | لا | كنب | truth | تروث | مدق |
| Little | با | قا | much | م | كثير |
| Masculine <br> Make | ماسكيولان | ذ | feminine | فيمنين | أنّا |
| Make | 昼 | يصنع | mar／break | مار بريك | يك |
| Noise | ناتشورالن | ط | artificial | ارتيفبيّال |  |
| Oral | نويز | 安 | silence | سايلانس | سكون |
| Pride／arrogance | اورابال | شفوي | written | ريتين | تحريري |
| Permanent | بيرمينيانت | غطرسة | humility | هيو ميليني | تواضع |
| Presence | بريزينس | حضور | temporary | تمبوراري | موقا |
| Profit | بروفيّ | ربح | loss | البسنس | غبابِ |
| Prose | بروز | Hi | poetr | لك | خسارة |
| Quick | كويك | سريع | slow | بويتري | شعر |
| Receive | ريسيف | بيكّلقى | give | س | بط |
| Reject | ريجيكت | يرفضن | accept | ج | 1 |
| Ripe | رايب） | يانيّ2 | raw | اكسبت | يوبيب） |
| Rough | رأف） | خشّ | smooth | سروبث | نأِّك |
| Remember | ريمبار | بيتذر | forget | فورجيّيت | ينّسى |
| Rich | ريتش | غني | poor | بور |  |
| Superior | سوبيزبور | ا | inferior | ｜ | أكنى |
| Thick | ثيك | سمبك | thin | ثينّ | رفيّ |
| Tragedy | تراجيبي | مأساة | comedy | كوميلي | 0رك |
| Universal | يونيفرسالِ | عام | particular | بإرتيكلا | خاص |
| Victory | فيكتوري | نصر | defeat | ديفيت | يهزم |
| Wild | ور وايلد | متوحش | tame／domestic | تيم دومبتكّك | مروض |
| Weak | ويك | ضِّفِ | strong | سترونج | فوي |
| Wisdom | ويزدام | حكمة | folly | فولكي | حماقّة |
| Youth | يوث | شاب | aged | ايدجد | هسن |


| 144 English Guru - GO |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Translation | Word كلمة | Pronunciation النطق |
|  | ضيف | Guest | جيست |
|  | معلم | Teacher | تينتر |
|  | ${ }^{1}$ | Mother | مازر |
|  | مستاجر | Tenant | تينانت |
|  | م | Mistress | ميستريس |
|  | مؤدب | Preceptor | ببرسيبتور |
|  | ع عيل | Customer | كاستومار |
|  | م | Uncle | انكل |
|  | ع | Aunt | انت |
|  | 5 | Landlord | لاندلورد |
|  | أخت الزوج | Sister-in-law | سيستر ان لو |
|  | ابنة بالثبني | Adopted daughter | ادوبتد دوتار |
|  | ابن بالتبني | Adopted son | ادوبتا |
|  | ج | Grandfather | جراندفازر |
|  | جدة | Grandmother | جراندمازر |
|  | صهر | Son-in-law | سان ان لو |
|  | صديق | Friend | فريند |
|  | جد من الأب | Maternal-grandfather | ماترّنالل جر اندفازر |
|  | جدة من الأم | Maternal-grandmother | ماترنالل جرانمازر |
|  | زُ زُ من زوج الأمج الأب أو من | Step-brother | ستيب برازر |
|  | زوج | Husband | هازبند |
|  | زوجة | Wife | وايف |
|  | كن | Daughter-in-law | دوتار إن |
|  | أب | Father | فازر |
|  | ابن | Son | سان |
|  | ابنة | Daughter | دوتر |
|  | عاطفة الحب | Love affection | لافـن افيكثان |
|  | حبيب | Lover | لا |
|  | ثشقيتة | Sister | مبيستار |
|  | أخ الزوج أو الزوجة | Brother-in-law | برازر إن لو |
|  | ابن الخالة | Nephew | نينيو |
|  | بنت الخالة | Niece | نيس |
|  | $\dot{\tau}^{i}$ | Brother | برازر |
|  | الخال | Maternal uncle | ماترنال انكل |

English Guru - GO

| الخالة | Maternal aunt | ماترّنال انت |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| عميل | Client | كلاينت |
| خالة | Mother's sister | مأزرز سيستار |
| محظية | Concubine, keep, mistress | كونكيوباين كيب مسترس |
| مريض | Patient | بيشانت |
| وريث | Heir | اير |
| طالبط | Pupil | بيوبيل |
| يمكالك5 | Own | اون |
| حمو | Father-in-law | فازر إن لو |
| حماة | Mother-in-law | مازر إن لو |
| علافة | Relation | ريليشان |
| تريب | Relative | ريلاتيف |
| ابنة الزوج إو الزو الزوجة | Step-daughter | ستيب دوتار |
| ابن الزوج الو الزوجة | Step-son | ستيبب سان |
| زوج الأم | Step-father | ستيب فازر |
| أَذت زوج الأم أو زوجة | Step-sister | ستيب سستار |
| أخّ زوج الأم ألو زوجة الأب | Step-brother | ستيب برازر |

(WORDS OF COMMON USAGE IN EVERYDAY LIFE) كلمات عامة يتم استخدامها فى الحياة اليومية RELATIONS الُعلاقات

| OD النطعام |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Translation ترجمة | Word كلمة | Pronunciation النطق |
| مخلل | Pickle | بيكل |
| غلة | Grain | جرين |
| بسلة حمام | Pigeon pea | بيجون بلي |
| اروروت نبات | Arrowroct | اروروت |
| دقيق | Flour | فلور |
| فاكهة مسكرة مجفقة | Comfit | كومفيبت |
| مانجو | Phaseolies mungo | فازيو كاليالم مانجو |
| كاري | Curry | كاري |
| قكوة | Coffee | كافي |
| لحم مفري | Mince meat | مينس ميت |
| ايس كريّ | Ice-cream, Kulfi | \|ايبسكريم كولفي |
| لوبيا | Cluster bean | كاسلار بين |
| \| | Wheat | ويت |


| سمن | Clarified butter, Ghee | كلاريفايد باتر / جي |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| بازلاء | Field pea | فيلد بي |
| صلصة | Sauce | سوس |
| حمص | Gram | جرام |
| شبت | Chapati | تئُباباتي |
| الرز | Rice | رايس |
| شاني | Tea | تي |
| ارز | Beaten paddy | بيتّ بادي |
| سكر | Sugar | شوجار |
| نخالة | Bran | بران |
| جبن | Cheese |  |
| اللانِ | Millet | مبايت |
| تصبيرة | Snacks | سناكس |
| شوفان | Oat | اوت |
| \|وجبات الشوفان | Oat-meal | اوت مبل |
| شعير | Barley | بارلي |
| اللا | Great millet | جريت ميلبت |
| مرق | Broth | بروث |
| خضروات | Vegetable | فيجنتابل |
| سمس\% | Sesame | سيزيم |
| زيت | Oil | اويل |
| عصيدة | Gruel | جرون |
| \| خسارة اللبن | Curd | كيرد |
| اللحبوب | - Pulse | بالس |
| الغداء | Lunch | لانش |
| لبن | Milk | - |
| \|أرز غير مقنشور | Paddy | بادِي |
| كتُشاب | Tomato ketchup/sauce | توميبّو كاتثاب /لسوس |
| جبن | Cheese | تشيز |
| رغيف | Loaf | لوف |
| خشخاش | Poppy | بوبي |
| صمغ | Gum acacia | جام اكاشيا |
| ثلج | Ice | ايس |
| دنـ | Pearl millet | بيرل بيليت |
| بسكويت | Biscuit | بسكويت |

English Guru - GO

| ذرة | Corn-ear | كورن اير |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| وليمة | Feast | فيست |
| ط | Food | فود |
| ذرة | Maize | مبز |
| زبد | Butter | باتر |
| بازلاء | Pea | بي |
| هصل اللبن | Whey | ويي |
| قهُدة | Cream | كريم |
| عدس | Lentil | لنتيل |
| لحم | Meat | مبيت |
| لحم بقري | Beef | بيف |
| لحم عجل | Mutton | ماتون |
| لحم | Pork | بورك |
| هربى | Sweetmeat | سويت ميت |
| حلوى مسكرة | Sugar-candy | شوجار كاندي |
| مربى | Murabba, Conserve | مربى كونسيرن |
| أرز بالبخار | Puffed rice | بافد رايس |
| لوبيا | Kidney-bean | كيدني بي |
| دقيّق | Maida | ميبا |
| \|الحبة السودياء (حبة البركة) | Buck-wheat | باك ويت |
| عستردة | Mustard | ماسترد |
| عتُّاء | Dinner | دينار |
| مسطردة | Castor-seed | كاستور سبد |
| خبز | Bread | بريد |
| سكر مكرر | Loaf-sugar | لون شوجار |
| عصبير فاكهر هرك مركز | Syrup | سايرب |
| دبس السكر | Treacle | تريكن |
| نبيذ | Wine | واين |
| عسل نحل | Honey | هاني |
| هستردة | Mustard | ماسترد |
| خل | Vinegar | فنيجار |
| سيمولينا | Semolina | سيمولينا |
| مستردة بيضاء | White mustard | وايت ماسترد |

English Guru - GO

|  | Indian madder | انديان مادر |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| عفص الجوز | Gallnut | جولنات |
| شطة | Red pepper, chilli | ريد بيبر تشيلي |
| عرق الهوس | Liquorices | ليكور ايس |
| كبشّ قرنفلف | Clove | كلون |
| زعفران | Madow Saffron | مادو سافيرون |
|  | Origanum | اوريجنام |
| الملح الصّري | Saltpetre | سولت بيتر |
| قلوي | Alkali | الكالي |
| المرنكّ أول أكسيد الرصاص | Litharge | ليبثارج |
| المِدِّة | Pistil | بيتسيل |
| بذرة الفوفل | Betel-nut | بيتيل نات |
| النسنامكي | Senna | سينا |
| زنجبيل جاف | Dry ginger | دراي جينجار |
| نشا | Sago | ساجو |
| ورق الكركم | Turmeric | تارميريك |
|  | Myrobalan | مبروبالان |
| اللراتتج | Asafoetida | استافونيوا |

زهور، فواكة، فواكة مجففة، FLOWERS, FRUITS, DRY FRUITS VEGETABLES
خضروات

| Translation | Word | Pronunciation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| كستنتاء | Chestnut | تنُبيستات |
| زنجبيل | Ginger | جينجر |
| أناناس | Pineapple | باين ابل |
| رمان | Pomegranate | بومنجر انيت |
| جوافة | Guava | جوافة |
| عنب) | Grape | جريب |
| تين | Fig | فيج |
| مانجو | Mango | مانجو |
| مثمش | Peach | بيتش |
| بطاطس | Potato | بوتيتو |
| بخارة | Bokhara plum | بوخارا بلام |
| تمر هندي | Tamarind | تامارند |
| قصب السكر | Sugarcane | شوجار كين |


| خيار | Cucumber | كيو كامبر |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jack Fruit | جاك فروت |
| قرع العّل | Pumpkin | بامكين |
|  | Carambola | كارا امبولا |
| الدفلي | Oleander | اوليندار |
| خ- | Lotus | لوتاس |
| اللالة | Lily | ليلي |
| قر | Bitter gourd | بيتر جورد |
| كاجو | Cashewnut | كاشونات |
| قرى عاحمر | Red pumpkin gourd | ربد بامكين جورد |
| كثّمش | Currant | كيورانت |
| عيش الغراب | Mushroom | ماشّروم |
|  | Pandanus | بانداناس |
| موز | Banana | بنانا |
| أنبيق | Cucurbit gourd | كيوكاربيت جورد |
| بل | Date | ديت |
| بطيخ | Musk melon | ماسكك ميلون |
| زيزفون | Lime | لايم |
| كريز | Sour cherry | ساور شيري |
| برقوق | Apricot | ابريكوت |
| نبات الكباد | Citron | ميترون |
| جزر | Carrot | كاروت |
| كرنب | Cabbage | كابيدج |
| اقحوان | Chrysanthemum | كريزانثيمام |
| ط | Touch-me-not | تآتّل مي نوت |
| اقحوان | Daisy | ديزي |
| ورد | Rose | روز |
| لوزة اللقطن | Boll | بول |
| الاذربون. | Marigold | مارجولد |
| نجيل | Grass | جراس |
| لوف | Luffa | لوفا |
| قلقاس | Colocesia antiquorum | كولوكاسيا انتيكورام |
| قرع | Snake gourd | سنيك جورد |
| ياسمين | Jasmine | جإسمين |
|  | Mangolia | مانجوليا |


|  | Luffa gourd | لوفا جورد |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| صنوبر | Pinus gerardiana | بيناس جير اردرديانا |
|  | Sapodilla | سابوديلا |
| بنجر | Sugar beet | شوجار بيب |
|  | Amaranthus | امارنثاث |
|  | Amorphophallus campanulatus | المورفيفالاس |
| تفاح بري | Crab apple | كراب ابل |
| خميلة | Prickly amaranth | بريكلي امارانث |
| خوخ يابانى | Japanese plum | جابانيس بلام |
| توت | Black berry | بلاك بيري |
| زبيّون | Olive | اوليف |
| تبغ | Tobacco | توباكو |
| بطيخ | Water melon | ووتر ميلون |
| كشمش | Currant | كيورانت |
|  | Belladona | بيلادونا |
| كسبرة | Coriander | كورياندار |
| نرجس | Narcissus | نارسبساس |
| (التبن الشوكىى | Prickly perar | بريكلي بيرار |
| زههور الكوبرا | Cobra flower | كوبرا فلاور |
| \| جوز الهوند | Coconut | كوكونات |

المهن والتخصصـات PROFESSIONS \& OCCUPATIONS

| Translation ترجما | Word كلمة | Pronunciation لنطق |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| بانع جراند | Newspaper vendor | نيوزبيبار فيندور |
| معلم | Teacher | تيتشار |
| مهنهنس | Engineer | انجنيير |
| بائع لبن | Milkman |  |
| بانعة اللبن | Milkmaid | ما |
|  | Compounder | كرمباوندار |
| رواني | Novelist | نوفليّت |
| : | Poet | بويت |
| جزار | Butcher | برتشار |
| فـنان | Artist | ارتيّت |
| حرفي | Artisan | ارتبّان |
| \| | Chauffeur | شُوفير |

English Guru-GO

| مزارع | Farmer | فارمر |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| الخزاف | Potter | بوتر |
| خضري | Green vendor | جرين فيندور |
| شيال | Coolie | كولي |
| سانس | Coachman | كرتّنُمان |
| خازن | Treasurer | تريجبيرار |
| الخرا | Turner | ريّنار |
| تاجر التجزنة | Retailer | ربتيلار |
| كاتب النّك | Prose-writer | بروز رايتار |
| ع | Perfumer | بيرفيو |
| ساس | Coachman | كوتنّملن |
| ساعي | Peon | بيون |
| مولف | Author | اوثّار |
| فنان، رسام | Artist, Painter | الرتّبت بينتار |
|  | Vaccenator | فاكسينانّور |
| حارس | Watchman | وووتنّمنان |
| جراح | Surgeon | سرجيون |
| - | Landlord | لاندلورد |
| ساحر | Magician | ماجبشان |
|  | Book-binder | برك بايندار |
| نساج | Weaver | ويغر |
| اسكافي | Shoemaker | شُوميكر |
| جواهرجي، صانغ | Jeweller | دجيولار |
| منضد في مطبعة | Compositor | كومبوزيتور |
|  | Brasier | برازبير |
| مقاول | Contractor | كونتّاركتور |
| طبيب | Doctor | دوكتور |
| بوسطجي | Postman | برستمان |
| عازف طبول | Tabla player | تابلا بليار |
| بانع توابل | Betel-seller | بيتيل سيلار |
| زيات | Oilman | اويل مان |
| ترزي | Tailor | تيلور |
| سمسار | Broker | بروكار |
| كمياني | uggist/ Chemist | دراجست كيمست |
| قابلة | Midwife | ميدوايف |

English Guru - GO

| طبيب أسنان | Dentist | دينتّت |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| صاحب المحل | Shopkeeper | شُوبـ كيبار |
| مرسال | Messenger | مسنجار |
| مـرضة. | Nurse | نيرس |
| ملقاط | Carder | كاردار |
| عامل منسلة | Washerman | ووشار مان |
| عامل منسلة | Washerwoman | ووشّار وومان |
| مصم: | Draftsman | درافتسمان |
| راقص. | Dancer | دانسار |
| ممثل مسرح | Dramatist | درامتست |
| خباز | Baker | بيكار |
| مin | Inspector | انسبكتور |
| بانع مزاد | Auctioneer | اوكثبيبير |
| همتحن | Examiner | اجزامينار |
| قس | Priest | بريست |
| شُرطي | Constable | كونستابل |
| ناشر | Publisher | بابلثّار |
| مدير | Manager | مانجار |
| بانع متجول | Hawker | هووكار |
| مصور فوتوغرافي | Photographer | فوتوجرفار |
| نجار | Carpenter | كاربتار |
| تاجر الإجواخ والإلبّية | Draper | درابار |
| مايسترو | Conductor | كونداكتور |
| بانع بذرر وحبوب | Seedsman | سيدسمان |
| كبير الذدم | Butler | باتِّر |
| سماكّ | Fisherman | فيشار مان |
| محرل | Operator | اوبريتور |
| عاملة في منزل | Cleaner | كلينار |
| مراكبي | Boatman | بونتمان |
| سقاء | Water carrier | ووتر كاريار |
| بحار | Sailor | سيلور |
| حامل | Carrier | كاريار |
| صاحبّ مونسّة | Proprietor | بروبراتور |
| بستاني | Gardener | جاردنار |
| مبنّ | Enameller | اناميلز |


| ميكانيكي | Mechanic | ميكانيك |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| وكيلِ | Agent | ا |
| عامل مطبعة | Printer | برنينار |
| كاتب | Clerk | كارك |
| كناس | Sweeper | سويير |
| صانع الإحذية | Cobbler | كوبلا |
| كمياني | Chemist | كيمست |
| طباخ | Cook | كوك |
| بناء | Mason | ميسون |
| سياسني | Politician | بوليتشانـ |
| \|مين صندوق | Cashier | كاثبيّ |
| كسسري | Train ticket examiner, T.T.E. | ترين تيكيت اكز امنير تي تي اي |
|  | Inkman | انكـان |
| عامل طلا | Painter | بينتار |
| عالمل مصبغة | Dyer | دارير |
| كاتب | Writer | رايتار |
| حداد | Blacksmith | بلاكسميبّ |
| محامكي | Advocate | ادنفوكيت |
| ط | Physician | فيزيشيان |
| حرفي | Artisan | \|ارتيزان |
| جراح | Surgeon | سبيرجيزن |
| ת | Teacher | تيتئشار |
| هركب الزجاج | Glazier | جالزيبر |
| موسبيقي | Musician | ميوزيشّان |
| كناس | Groom | جروج |
| منتش الصحّة | Sanitary Inspector | سانيتاري انسبكتور |
| صـانغ | Goldsmith | جولآلّمبيّ |
| تاجر | Merchant | ميزينّاتّ |
| نحات | Sculptor | بكالبّبرد |
| محرנ | Editor | اديبّور |
| حلاق | Barber | باربر |
| حلواني | Confectioner/ Halwai |  |
| جرسون | Waiter | وبيبّر |

English Guru - GO
ANIMALS THEIR BODY PARTS منتجات من اجزاء جسم الحيوان

| Translation ترجمة | Word كلمة | Pronunciation النطقّ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Translation } \\ \text { ترجمة } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Word } \\ \text { كلمة } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Camel | جمل | كا | Musk-deer | آيل المسك | مانسك دير |
| Kangaroo | اللكنغ | كانجرو | Dog | \% ${ }^{3}$ | دوج |
| Bitch | انتّى الكلب, | بيّشٌ | Mule | بغل | ميلول |
| Rabbit | أرنب | رابت | Hare | \|ارنب وحشي | هير |
| Hoof | الحافر | هوin | Ass | حمار | ( |
| Cow | بقرة | كا9 | Squirrel | سنجاب | سكراربل |
| Rhinoceros | وحبد القرن | 5'يفّا | Zebra | حمار مخطـ | زيبرا |
| Horse | حصان | هزرس | Mare | فرس | - |
| Colt | - | كولت | Panther | - ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | بانتّار |
| Ant eater | آكل الْنمل | الت ايتّا | Mouse | فار | ماونس |
| Mole | خلد | مٌ | Boar | كنزير بري | بور |
| Giraffe | زرافة | تجيران | Spaniel | كلب صنير | M |
| Pony | فرس | بوني | Leopard | لبؤة | لبيبارد |
| Mongoose | نمس | هنجونس | Tail | ذيل | تيل |
| Beast | بيامية. | بيّبت | Claw | مخلب | كاكو |
| Sire | واللا الفرس | هـاير | Puppy | كالب صنير | بابي |
| He-goat | كبٌ | هي جهب | She-goat | ماعز | شُي جوت |
| Kid | جني | كي | Calf | عجل | كالف |
| She-calf | بقرة | شثّ كالف | Cat | قطة | كات |
| Kitten | هريرة | كينين | Monkey | قرد | مانكي |
| Chimpanzee | شُمبانزي | شـشبانزي | Tiger | ن | نايجر |
| Hind | الألبك | + | Ox | ثوّر | اوكس |
| Bear | دب | بيز | Wolf | د | ورلف |
| Sheep | خرون | تُّبيب | Ewe | نجّة | يو |
| Lamb | ماعز | ע | Buffalo | جاكموس | بافلر |
| Ram | خروف | رام | Kid | جدي | كبد |

If there is light in the soul,
There will be beauty in the person.\} If there is beauty in the person, There will be harmony in the house. Jf there is harmony in the liouse, There will be order in the nation. Jf there will be order in the riation, There will be peace in the world.

